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KAISER ABDICATES, STOCKHOLM HEARS; NO CONFIRMATION

Report Of Sensational Development In Berlin Persistent In Swedish Capital

ALL ALLIES UNITED

Opinion Agrees In Supporting President Wilson's Reply To Peace Offer

GERMANY'S MOVE

Further Action Towards Armistice Depends On Answer To Wilson

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Stockholm, October 10.—There is a persistent rumor here that the Kaiser has abdicated.

(French Wireless)

Lyons direct, October 10.—The newspapers are unanimous in their approval of the reply of President Wilson as being firm, precise and clear. Says L'Homme Libre:

"It goes right to the point and will force the enemy to give up his last hope."

The same newspaper reflects well the general view when it adds:

"It is as the head of the greatest democracy of the belligerents that President Wilson has replied. It is in full accord with all his Allies that he shall examine the terms of all our replies if Germany will first of all carry out the conditions that he has laid down."

ALLIES APPROVE REPLY

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, October 9.—Reuter's agency is informed that the official view is that President Wilson's reply to the German note forces the next step upon the enemy, from whom any fresh developments must emanate.

London, October 9.—Press Bureau. Brazil, replying to the Austrian and German peace Notes, states:

"We are persuaded the war can only end with the capitulation of the militarism which caused it and which is ruining Europe."

Washington, October 8.—President Wilson spent the morning in the seclusion of his study. Later he held a conference with Secretary of State Lansing, Colonel House and Mr. Tumulty, after which it was announced that an important statement was probable this afternoon.

[This refers to the President's reply to the German note, published two days ago.]

Rome, October 9.—President Wilson's reply expresses whole-heartedly what the Entente desired. The Central Powers must now show by deeds that the proposed armistice was inspired by good faith.

Bigger Penalty For Germans?

London, October 9.—The demand for something more than an unconditional surrender of Germany is growing in intensity. The columns of letters in the papers recalling the crimes of Germany and urging retribution include letters from Professor Henry Spencer Wilkinson, Chichele Professor of Military History at Oxford University, containing declarations that a prior condition to the cessation of hostilities should be the occupation of the fortresses of Metz, Strassbourg, Mainz, Trent, Trieste and Pola.

Lord Middleton asks for a pronouncement by the Allies that peace shall not be made till retribution has been exacted from German towns for the vandalism in France.

The Times describes the policy of the enemy in burning and destroying the country as they retreat as cruel, mean blackmail, and says that German towns like Hamburg and Frankfort must be marked down for ransom for each French or Belgian town destroyed apart from military necessity.

The Daily Telegraph hopes that the Allies, with whom the French and the Belgian governments have announced that they are communicating on the subject of reprisals, have already reached decisions for there is no room for delay. Germany must be

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Germany's Ante-War Plan For Propaganda In China Disclosed In Documents

Provided For Perversion Of Missionary Work, Replacement Of English By German Language In Schools, Subsidised Press, etc.

There was disclosed from an official source in Shanghai yesterday a remarkable scheme for the advancement of German interests in China which was drawn up by the German Association of Shanghai in April, 1913. The plan was in the process of execution at the time the outbreak of the war put a stop to the progress of German kultur in the Far East. The plan was drawn up with typical German thoroughness; it involved the perversion of the missionary work in China, the establishment of museums and colleges, the replacement of the English language by the German in Chinese schools, subsidies to the Chinese press, etc. The program was to require an annual expenditure of almost two million dollars and its German promoters hoped that it would succeed in giving the German language a place in China equal to that of English.

The memorial was signed by C. Michelau of Melchers and Co., as chairman and Rudolf Mahnfeldt, 16 The Bund, as secretary. It is a very lengthy document, as indicated by the table of contents:

I.—The Chinese Market

1.—China's change of front.
2.—Possibilities in China's economic development.
3.—The importance of the Chinese market.
4.—The fight for the Chinese market.
(a) Natural advantages of our opponents.
(b) Achievements of our opponents.
(c) Aid of the schools.
(d) Gradual loss of German influence.
(e) Our mistakes.
(f) Our prospects.

II.—Measures To Win The Chinese Market

1.—Diplomatic and Consular service.
2.—Finance.
3.—The German language.
4.—A German Chinese school system.
(a) Middle schools.
(aa) Middle schools in open ports.
(bb) Mission middle schools.
(cc) Point of contact with Chinese elementary schools.
(dd) Development (of certain schools to the grade of the "Arbiturium") (e.g. graduation from German gymnasium).
(ee) Number of scholars.
(ff) Classes for teachers.
(gg) Schools for girls.
(b) Technical schools.
5.—Students to Germany.
6.—Chinese Government schools.
(a) The German language in Chinese government schools.
(b) German teachers in Chinese government schools.
7.—General remarks.
8.—A translation bureau.
9.—Museums and industrial expositions.
10.—The Chinese press.

III.—Organisation And Cost

1.—Organisation.
(a) A head office in Berlin.
(b) A central committee in China.
(c) Promoters.
(d) Private nature (of the enterprise).
(e) Centralisation in leadership. Decentralisation in the work.
2.—Costs.
(a) Amount.

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Picture Of Gentleman With A Family Trying To Locate His Place In The War

—Darling, in The New York Tribune

Ludendorff Gives Up Command As Result Of General Collapse

German Generalissimo Suffering From Complete Breakdown, Says Report To Washington

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, October 10.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—From a neutral European country a report has reached the State Department that General Ludendorff is suffering from a general collapse and has relinquished command of the German army.

CHINA SIGNS CONTRACT WITH MARCONI COMPANY

Wireless Stations To Be Built At Kashgar, Lanchowfu, Urumchi And Sianfu

(CHINA PRESS OWN SERVICE)

Peking, October 11.—Contracts were signed yesterday by Minister of Communications Tsao Ju-lin, acting for the Chinese Government, for the building of three wireless stations of 25 kilowatts at Kashgar, Urumchi and Lanchowfu by the Marconi Company.

The three stations will connect with a smaller station at Sianfu. The wireless will augment the present land system and insures reliable constant communication between Kashgar and Peking.

Three steel towers, 300 feet high, will be built at each of three points. The equipment is specially designed so that the heaviest piece will not exceed 350 pounds, thus overcoming difficulties of overland transportation.

When completed the stations will exceed in power and range any China wireless plant and will be the longest single length overland commercial telegraph system in the world.

The complete equipment will be ready for shipment from a British port in six months and a British engineer, who will supervise the construction of the system, will leave London immediately.

Diogenes Can Quit After Having Met Mr. Tse Chun-fok

Honest Ricsha Puller Provides Joyful Surprise To Loser Of Valuable Ring

Diogenes, old top, allow us to present Mr. Tse Chun-fok. After which you may blow out the lantern and hunt out a nice easy chair somewhere in the blissful knowledge that the quest for an honest man is closed.

In explanation:

Last Thursday evening Mr. Dudley Warner, head of the tea department of Messrs. Fearon, Daniel & Co., ricshaed out into the French Concession. Arriving, he drew off his glove, paid the coolie and turned away without having noticed that his valuable diamond and sapphire ring came off with the glove. Later he discovered the loss and recalled the circumstance of removing the glove but it was too late to get on the trail of the coolie.

Yesterday Mr. Warner got one of the surprises of his life. He was passing down the street when he was accosted by a ricsha puller and—you've guessed it—it was Tse Chun-fok with the ring.

The shade of Diogenes not being around at the time, Mr. Warner did the honors for Tse.

20 DOCTORS NEEDED FOR WORK IN SIBERIA

American Red Cross Issues Call From Vladivostok; Four Nurses Volunteer

Twenty more doctors are needed for the American Red Cross in Siberia, according to a cable received here yesterday by Mr. W. A. B. Nichols, head of the Shanghai chapter. Doctors who wish to volunteer are urged to apply to Mr. Nichols.

Four nurses, Mrs. Logan, Mrs. Innis, Mrs. Gaylord and Miss Jeffrey, have volunteered for service in Russia and will leave here next Friday.

An appropriation of G.$50,000 has been allotted for purchases made by the American Red Cross in Shanghai. One hundred beds will be shipped from here by the next available steamer.

TURKEY BEING PUSHED TOWARD ITS DOWNFALL

New Developments Force It To Act Quickly To Save Itself

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, October 8.—Reuter's agency is informed that the significant action of the Governor of Smyrna, who controls the richest province in the Turkish Empire, taken in conjunction with the recent events in Palestine and Macedonia seems to foreshadow important developments. The Governor of Smyrna is known to be a patriotic Turk but is not to the same degree under German influence as the statesmen in Constantinople.

A message from Constantinople states that the Bulgarian Minister was recalled by telegraph to the Legation from his summer residence. The newspaper Tanin strongly urges the Government to prepare for "even the most fatal possibilities."

The liberation of Beyrout is a tremendous political blow to Turkey and should speedily compel the Turks to reach a decision.

Panic Again Seizes German Exchanges

Shares Dumped On Market Without Any Buyers To Absorb Them

(French Wireless)

Lyons direct, October 10.—A message from Zurich states that the Munchen Augsburger Zeitung writes that, after a momentary recovery, panic has again seized the German Stock Exchanges where there are no buyers for industrial stocks while a mass of selling orders are being flung on the markets and it is impossible to execute them, buyers having disappeared.

Bulgarian Ex-King To Stay In Germany

Arrives In Coburg, Saxony, To Make Permanent Residence There

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, October 9.—Ferdinand of Bulgaria has arrived at Coburg, where he will take up his permanent residence.

Servian Government To Be Set Up In Uskub

Hard Fighting Expected At Nish Against German And Austrian Reinforcements

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, October 9.—The Crown Prince of Servia has entered Uskub, to which city the Servian Government is proceeding immediately.

London, October 9.—Reuter's agency learns that the Servians expect very heavy fighting at Nish, to which town three divisions of German troops from Rumania and two divisions of Austrian troops from Italy have been hurried up.

Bolsheviki Execute Two Ex-Ministers

M. Trepoff, Former Premier, And General Gutchkoff Reported Shot

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Stockholm, October 8.—A message from Petrograd states that Monsieur Trepoff, a former Premier, and General Gutchkoff, formerly Minister of War, have been executed by shooting.

The Weather

Fine today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 72.2 and the minimum 51.4, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 78.3 and 54.

LIBERTY BOND TOTAL NEARS MILLION MARK

Sales For North China G.$973,300; Tientsin Adds G.$31,000; Other Outports Active

With Liberty Bond sales totaling G.$73,650 at local banks and Tientsin reporting an additional G.$31,000, the North China figures for the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign went to G.$973,300 yesterday. Many Chinese buyers were listed in the subscriptions and the Bank of China sales amounted to G.$18,050. The bonds were bought by five Chinese.

The £1,600 reported from Chefoo Thursday and G.$18,000 subscribed in Tungchow is not recorded in the totals until advices come from these ports as the sales may have been made by Shanghai banks. In addition there is the pledge of $100,000 from two Chinese.

A vigorous campaign is underway at Soochow and letters received here yesterday forecast G.$50,000 from Soochow subscribers. The Chamber of Commerce started the movement and a big mass meeting was held on the Soochow University athletic field in the interests of the drive.

Tientsin's total is now G.$96,000.

Messrs. J. Ullmann and Company, French firm, is flying a Liberty Flag, all foreign members of the staff having purchased bonds.

A committee meeting was held at headquarters last evening when reports were heard from all districts. The figures show less than G.$500,000 collected by local workers.

The statistics:

	Sales	Amount
Messrs. Bunn and Dolan	162	G.$104,400
Messrs. Keegan, Roper and Mooney	55	64,800
Messrs. Gaines, Leonard and Drake	27	5,800
Messrs. Boulon and Yost	9	6,150
Messrs. Nichols and Williams	45	15,650

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ALLIED ADVANCE IN LATEST DRIVE NEARLY 10 MILES

Germans Forced To Retreat On Front Of Thirty Miles

NEAR LE CATEAU

British Have Fought Way Over Hindenburg Line To Open Country

200 GUNS TAKEN

East Of St. Quentin French Are In Enemy's Second Defense

THE BATTLE IN BRIEF

On a front of a more than thirty miles the British, French and Americans have fought their way forward from three to nine miles, forced a great retreat on the Germans, won through to open country beyond the Hindenburg Line and apparently inflicted one of the decisive defeats of the campaign on the Germans.

Along the whole line from Cambrai to St. Quentin the enemy has at last yielded after a fortnight's terrible struggle. The Allies in the Le Catelet Region and at St. Quentin are almost ten miles further east than they were four days ago. The furthest points reached are those of Pertry, Busigny and Bohain. Le Cateau is but five miles away. The British have made 11,000 prisoners and captured 200 guns.

In the Argonne the French and Americans have made an advance to the mouth of the Grand Pre Valley and also on the Meuse.

(French Wireless)

Lyons direct, October 10, 11 p.m.—The Franco-British successes were still further developed yesterday between Cambrai and St. Quentin. The Allies on a front of fifty kilometers advanced from four to eight kilometers. Cambrai, towards which the British troops have been drawing nearer for several days, was occupied yesterday morning. A part of the town has been destroyed by infernal machines placed by the enemy before he retreated. The English have reached the edge of the plain of Le Cateau-Caudry and Busigny and Bohain are in their hands and they have under their fire the railroad from Maubeuge to Laon in the vicinity of Guise.

To the south of Bohain the British forces are in contact with the army under General Debeney, which has advanced more than eight kilometers east of St. Quentin and where our line passes through Fontaine-Notre-Dame, Marcy and Mezieres-sur-Oise.

The British have taken over 10,000 prisoners and 200 guns. The French have counted so far 2,000 prisoners and have also taken a great quantity of material.

Further Progress In Champagne

In Champagne in spite of violent counter-attacks by the enemy the army commanded by General Gouraud has still further increased its advance.

On the front of the Forest of Argonne they have crossed the Aisne and occupied the village of Senuc, which is situated at the western entrance of the ravine of Grand Pre.

In co-operation with the French troops the American troops east of the Argonne have also made progress towards Grand Pre. They have reached the southern outskirts of Mareq and established contact with the French troops in that region.

East of the Meuse the Americans have progressed to the outskirts of Sivry-sur-Meuse and in the Bois-de-Chaume.

Everywhere the enemy is forced to retreat under the pressure of the Allied forces.

Four-Mile Advance

Lyons direct, October 11.—The French official communique issued

Germans In Retreat On Whole Hindenburg Line

at 11 o'clock last night reports:

East of St. Quentin our troops maintained contact and continued to press the enemy, whose rearguards opposed a serious resistance.

We have realised an advance of six kilometers at certain points and have carried our lines to the east of Bellicourt and to the outskirts of Aisonville.

We have occupied a number of villages, including Fieulaine, Neuvillette and Chatillons-sur-Oise.

South of the Oise we stormed Servais and took a number of prisoners.

Between the Ailette and the Aisne the pressure exercised by our troops and by Italian units operating with us in the vicinity of Chemin-des-Dames, has forced the Germans to retreat to the Canal-de-l'Oise.

Americans Counter-Attacked

The American official communique issued at 9 o'clock last night reports:

On the right bank of the Meuse the French troops in co-operation with the American army continued their advance and held their ground with great determination against desperate counter-attacks.

The heights east of Sivry have been cleared of hostile troops and remain in our hands.

On the left of the Meuse the Cote Dannevoux was stormed and taken after severe fighting and the enemy has been driven from the Forest of the Argonne, which he has held so tenaciously, and our troops have reached the left bank of the Aire near Cheviers and opposite Grand Pre.

Among the prisoners captured today, which number more than 1,000, there are a Colonel and two complete battalion staffs.

THREE DIFFERENT ATTACKS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, October 8, 9:10 p.m.—Reuter's agency learns that today's offensive comprised three attacks by British, French and American troops on the whole front from Cambrai to St. Quentin.

The French captured the hills eastward of Rouvroy and the villages of Essigny and Fontaine while the line reached by the Anglo-Americans runs as follows: Beauregard, Brancourt, through Premont, Serain and Malincourt, westwards of Walincourt, Estes and Niergnies to the old line south of Cambrai.

The advance was on a front of twenty-one miles to an average depth of two and a maximum depth of three miles.

Weaker resistance than usual was encountered in the center but the enemy brought up two divisions of fresh troops south of Cambrai and counter-attacked in heavy force, but was repulsed.

Sixteen Divisions Hammered

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters reports this evening:

Over sixteen enemy divisions today were given a terrible hammering by our 3rd and 4th Armies in cooperation with strong American units and it is certain that a tremendous toll has been levied upon the dwindling man-power of Germany.

The operations between Cambrai and St. Quentin constituted a series of battles developing one after another all night long, and by daybreak this morning at least fifteen miles of the British front was ablaze.

Our infantry attacks generally progressed rapidly although sticky points were encountered.

The Welsh had a very tough task breaking through the remainder of the Beaurevoir-Masnieres line, but once the Germans had been driven out and the Welshmen had reached the open, the enemy broke.

The New Zealanders carried Estes, taking over 700 prisoners in the finest form. The German tanks were of a fairly fast type but our gunners, assisted by our low-flying airmen, soon got on top of them.

Americans Do Brilliant Work

The Americans have done brilliantly. They took 1,600 prisoners in the capture of Premont.

We are now well out in open rolling country.

Our casualties have been comparatively light.

Patrols of Canadian troops were the first to enter the town of Cambrai this morning, when it was still burning at many points. The Canadians advanced warily through the town and reached the eastern outskirts at sunrise after encountering a thin screen of machine-gunners. The evacuation of the town was evidently decided on hurriedly as a considerable amount of undamaged booty was captured.

A few more German tanks appeared today but were soon put out of action as our artillery is advancing so rapidly that the enemy tanks were knocked out almost as soon as they appeared.

The enemy has been hurriedly retreating all day long and everywhere is heard the cry "We have got Fritz on the run."

Germany Announces Defeat

A German official communique reports:

We broke up the enemy's assault westward of the Cambrai-Bohain Road.

On both sides of the Romer Road in the direction of Le Cateau the enemy made a deeper breach in our lines. We stopped his thrust in Bohain.

On the southern wing of attack the enemy gained a little ground. Our troops, threatened in flank by the breach in the center of the battlefront, were forced to withdraw their wing to the western border of Fresnoy-le-Grand.

In Champagne the French and American troops attacked in great force but only succeeded in breaking into our lines on both sides of St. Etienne. Our counter-attack drove them out.

Between Brabant and the Ornes Brook the enemy forced his way into Consenvoye Wood, where we brought him to a standstill.

A Belgian official communique reports:

The enemy during the night violently bombarded our front line in the outskirts of Roulers.

During the day time he bombarded Nieuport and Clercken and also our back areas.

Enemy aeroplanes were very active with their machine-guns against our front lines at Moorslede and Passchendaele.

Rapid Progress Made In Second Day's Attack

London, October 9.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this morning:

We made further progress yesterday evening eastward of Sequehart and in the direction of Bohain and Maretz.

We reached the western outskirts of Walincourt and gained the line of the Le Targette-Cambrai road, capturing Forenville.

The 3rd and 4th Armies at 5:30 this morning re-attacked along the whole of their front and are making rapid progress everywhere.

Shortly after midnight the Canadians attacked northward of Cambrai. Ramillies was captured and the crossing of the canal de l'Escaut secured in the neighborhood of Ramillies.

We have entered Cambrai.

Yesterday's prisoners exceed 8,000 while many guns were taken.

Three Miles In Depth

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this evening:

Between 4:20 and 5:10 this morning the 3rd and 4th Armies attacked on a front of twenty miles between St. Quentin and Cambrai and advanced on the whole of this front an average depth of three miles.

The night was stormy, making the assembly of our troops difficult. The assault was launched with rain falling steadily, but as the attack progressed the weather cleared and favored our operations, which were completely successful.

On the extreme right of the attack the 6th Division and a part of another English division drove the enemy from the high ground southeastward and eastward of Montbrehain and captured Beauregard.

In the right center the 30th American Division under General Lewis captured Brancourt after heavy fighting and, further to the northeast, took Premont, completing a successful advance of over three miles in which they drove the enemy from numbers of farms and woods.

On the left of the American division, English, Scottish and Irish troops, including troops of the 25th and 66th Division, made equal progress and captured Servain early in the day.

In the center the British and Welsh troops of the 38th and 21st Divisions broke through the German defenses known as the Beaurevoir-Masnieres line and captured Malincourt and the trench line westward of Walincourt. They encountered an obstinate resistance by strong enemy forces with numerous machine-guns at Villers-Outreaux which the Welsh captured after hard fighting.

Take Lesdain And Esnes

In the left center the 37th and New Zealand Divisions also broke through the Beaurevoir-Masnieres line and made deep progress eastward of it. The New Zealanders stormed Lesdain and captured Esnes.

On the left of our attack our 2nd 3rd and 63rd Divisions were engaged in hard fighting about Seranvillers and Niergnies and along the line of the Esnes-Cambrai Road. The enemy successfully counter-attacked in this sector, using tanks, and pressed us back a short distance but the counter-attack was stopped and the enemy's tanks put out of action. We obtained possession of Seranvillers and Niergnies and resumed our advance.

Northwards of the Scarpe we completed the capture of the German trench system known as the Fresnes-Rouvroy line from the Scarpe to beyond Oppy and captured Fresnes-les-Montanban and Neuvireuil.

We took several thousand prisoners and many guns.

Progress continues on the whole front.

21,000 Prisoners, 200 Guns

London, October 9.—Reuter's agency learns that yesterday between Cambrai and St. Quentin the Allies captured 11,000 prisoners and over 200 guns.

We now practically hold the Cambrai-St. Quentin railway and the maximum advance at 5 o'clock today had reached a depth of five miles at Bertry, on the road to Le Cateau.

The Allied line now runs as follows: We hold Abancourt, north of Cambrai, Ramillies, Escandoeuvres, Awoingt, Bertry and Busigny—the possession of the two last named is doubtful—Thence our line runs due south to Mezieres.

We are through all the enemy's fortified zones in this area.

The situation is growing in interest very rapidly owing to the huge salients, which are growing every hour and consequently lengthening the line the Germans must hold.

There is no news with regard to where the German retreat is likely to stop.

The fighting today was with weak rearguards only.

Yesterday the enemy employed twenty-three divisions on a front of twenty miles and vainly strove to beat our attacks. Consequently he was hammered in fair fight and the present retreat forced upon him.

In the Argonne French and American attacks are in progress but no details have been received.

Sixty Square Miles Regained

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters reports today:

Yesterday's victory yielded us, besides prisoners, sixty square miles of territory and a great haul of field-guns, trench-mortars and machine-guns. Moreover important tactical results were achieved. The enemy has been thrust back into the open country beyond any continuous works of defense.

A heavy counter-attack from the direction of Avion resulted in fierce hand-to-hand fighting, the enemy's superiority in numbers compelling us at first to give ground.

The naval division took the strongly fortified village of Niergnies, capturing many prisoners.

Successive explosions have occurred in Cambrai, reducing the town to ruins.

French On South Maintain Junction With The British

Paris, October 8.—An official communique issued this evening reports:

Northeast of St. Quentin, the French, in conjunction with the British, attacked this morning on a front of ten kilometers and, despite a stubborn resistance, penetrated the strong positions held by the enemy and made important progress.

We captured Fontaine-Uterte, Bellecourt Farm, reached the southwestern outskirts of Essigny-le-Petit and conquered the woods east of Tilloy, Hill 134 and the village of Rouvroy. Up to the present over 1,200 prisoners have been counted, including 500 captured at Bellecourt Farm.

On the Suippe front fighting continued all day. The Germans strove vigorously to recover the positions we had captured. Their counter-attacks on the north bank against the Orainville-Pontgivart bridgehead were repulsed. Further east the enemy unsuccessfully attempted several times to eject us from Bazancourt.

North of the river Arnes the French and American forces gained fresh successes. Supported by tanks they drove the enemy back for three kilometers north of St. Pierre-a-Arnes.

On the right bank of the Aisne we captured the plateau northeast of Outry and reached the southern outskirts of Lancin, taking numerous prisoners.

Paris, October 9.—The official communique issued this afternoon reports:

Southeast of St. Quentin during the night we carried the bitterly defended German positions between Harly and Neuville-St. Amand, and enveloped the village of Neuville-St. Amand from the north.

The artillery duel has been violent south of the Oise and on the Suippe front.

North of the river Arnes the Germans attempted to deprive us of our gains yesterday. They failed with heavy losses. Over 600 prisoners were taken on the Arnes front yesterday.

American Attacks In Argonne

London, October 8.—An American official communique reports:

We have captured Cornay and, against stubborn fighting, continued to advance in Argonne Forest.

Eastward of the Meuse the Franco-American forces made a brilliant attack in the vicinity of Bois-des-Caures and Bois-de-Beaumont, occupied Consenvoye, Brabant, Haumont and Beaumont and drove the enemy well beyond them.

We, in co-operation with the French on both banks of the Meuse, are pushing the enemy back from the scene of the desperate struggles for Verdun.

The total number of prisoners taken today exceeds 3,000, of which 1,600 were taken by the French eastward of the Meuse.

This command has taken over 4,000 prisoners in the last few days.

The French captured eighteen heavy trench mortars.

Numerous prisoners are reported.

In the region of Machault, on the Champagne front, General Gouraud attacked on a front of five miles and advanced a depth of two, capturing a number of important points. If General Gouraud advances much further he will outflank the enemy positions on the Suippe, where the French have been held up so far.

Franco-American troops today attacked the heights of the Meuse on a front of seven miles and advanced between one and two miles, nearly reaching the line from which the enemy attacked in February, 1916.

Concerning the two last-named attacks no details have been received beyond news that we are progressing satisfactorily.

A slight advance was achieved today north of the Scarpe, but no details have been received.

Americans In Argonne Squeezing Out Enemy

London, October 9.—Reuter's correspondent at American headquarters, wiring at noon on Tuesday, reports:

Notable progress was made yesterday in the direction where a gain of ground was essential to our further advance. Our capture of the hill above Chatel-Chehery is squeezing out the enemy still lurking in the center of the Argonne south of Grand Pre.

The most interesting event of the day was the extrication of a battalion which was isolated and surrounded by the enemy in Argonne Forest during the past five days. In its advance it lost touch with the troops on either side, the enemy trickling between having severed the connection. Its plight was known and several attempts were made by the French and ourselves to relieve it but they were unsuccessful. Airplanes sweeping down over the dense forest, dropped food, ammunition and baskets of carrier-pigeons on the place where it was supposed to be, but last night the advance of our center rescued the battalion.

Battle Extends On Meuse

Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters, wiring yesterday afternoon, reported:

There was an extension of the battle east of the Meuse today and the entire front was active from Brabant to the Woevre.

For the moment the offensive is limited in three main sectors corresponding to the wings and center, namely, between Cambrai and St. Quentin, along the river Suippe and on both banks of the Meuse. In the intermediate zones Marshal Foch contents himself with a steady pressure for the moment.

Between the Oise and the Aisne General Mangin is vigilantly following every movement of the enemy.

The battle in eastern Champagne has died down. Here the Germans have thrown their reserves against our troops who have been fighting uninterruptedly for weeks.

Marshal Foch counters this by extending the battle across the Meuse with the aid of his vast American reserves and the Germans must again find reinforcements.

French Break Through East Of St. Quentin

London, October 10.—Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters reported yesterday:

From St. Quentin to the Woevre the battle today progressed satisfactorily.

Eastwards of St. Quentin General Debeney's troops broke through the enemy line on a front extending from Harly to Neuville, which had been converted into a field fortress, after a bitter struggle.

On the extreme right General Gouraud's Army in Champagne made an attack westwards of the Argonne which has given us possession of Vaulx-Mourons, which is practically in the mouth of Grand Pre Valley.

Northwards of the River Arnes the Germans are counter-attacking to regain the ground they lost yesterday.

Everywhere the fighting is of the hardest description.

The Germans realise that the key to the whole maneuver is in the center between St. Quentin and the Aisne, where four German armies crowded into a narrow space, are menaced by the Allied armies north and east of the Forest of St. Gobain and the Aisne Plateau, in which the Germans deemed themselves safe against any attack.

Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters, wiring at 10 o'clock yesterday evening, reported:

In Germans' Second Line

The Germans in Champagne are still holding tenaciously but have been driven back at several important points.

The Germans on both sides of St. Quentin are retreating before the British and French forces. In the center, five miles east of St. Quentin, the French are in the Wotan Line, the German secondary system of defense. The enemy has evidently abandoned the idea of making an effective stand in the Wotan defenses, which are partly in the possession of the French.

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, October 10.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Press despatches from the Champagne front said during the American activities south of Romagne Wednesday 79 Allied bombing planes passed southward, having bombed Buzancy and other railroad supply stations behind the German lines. American pursuit planes took an active part in clearing the air for the bombers downing four enemy planes in the region of Fronville and Ainerville.

PRAISE FOR VICTORY

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, October 9.—Press Bureau. The Premier has sent the following message to Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig:

"I have just heard from Marshal Foch of the brilliant victory won by the 3rd and 4th Armies and wish to express to yourself, General Sir Julian Byng, General Sir Henry Rawlinson, and all the officers and men under your command, the sincerest congratulations on the great and significant success which the British army, with its American brothers-in-arms, has gained during the past few days.

"The courage and tenacity with which the troops of the Empire, after withstanding the terrible onslaughts of last Spring, have again resumed the offensive with such decisive results is the greatest chapter in our military history. The smashing of the enemy's great system of defense in the west, which he claimed to be impregnable, is a feat of which we are all justly proud and for which the Empire will ever be grateful."

Residences For Sale

Newly built modern houses for sale on terms to suit purchasers.

LAND FOR SALE

In all parts of settlement suitable for MILLS, FACTORIES, RESIDENCES.

Central District Property For Sale

FOR INVESTMENT

We have for sale residential property, very attractive for investors.

Fire Insurance
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China Realty Co., Ltd.
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STILL BOOMING!

THE WING ON CO. (Shanghai), LTD.

The largest department store in the East.

BE WISE! and acquaint yourself with

"THE BIG STORE"

OTHERS ARE SAVING — WHY NOT YOU?

SEE OUR LATEST DISPLAY OF CHOICE WINTER SUGGESTIONS

Everything of the newest and brightest.
Fresh stocks by every ship.

A VISIT WILL CONVINCE YOU

The Wing On Co. (Shanghai), Ltd.
Chekiang and Nanking Roads

LIBERTY BONDS

purchased through this Bank may be stored in our vaults for safe keeping

FREE OF CHARGE

AMERICAN-ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION
15 Nanking Road

KODAK Finishing

Fastest and best work in town
Get your work done right.

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QUALITY IS ECONOMY
BUY THE TYRE THAT
WILL PROVE
QUALITY OF SERVICE

ALL BRITISH
R. O. M. TYRES
HAVE STOOD THE TEST

Sole Agents for SHANGHAI GARAGE CO. Shanghai

Grace Company Director Is Here To Open Offices

Mr. Stewart P. Elliott Announces Policy Of Invasion Of Far East By American Firm

Preparatory to the establishment of W. R. Grace and Company directly in the Far Eastern trade, Mr. Stewart P. Elliott, director of the Grace interests in Russia and resident director of the new North China house which is incorporated as the Grace China Company under the laws of West Virginia, arrived in Shanghai last night from Hankow on the Luenyi.

When asked about the new activities of the Grace Company in China, Mr Elliott said: "Yes, my principals at home thought it high time we had our own house and representation in North China. It is only a logical development of our international business interests. You see the Grace organisation now extends over such a world-wide scope in connection with the needs and interchange of products important to Allied success—both in war aims and our economic ambitions for the after-the-war business—that it is really essential for us to have our offices in China.

"The parent houses in New York and London now administer to something over a hundred branches and direct agencies; and, besides these houses we have direct and indirect connections with many other companies. Our energies in China will be devoted to meeting the needs of these houses and connections rather than to compete with foreign concerns already here. We believe there will be quite enough for us—especially during this war period—if we are able in a measure to take care of the ever-increasing needs of our own houses. Purchases for account of Grace on this market during the past years have been very large and there is no reason to expect that they will diminish in the future. The only difference is that from now on the business which we have handled in a roundabout way will pass directly through our Shanghai and other China offices.

"We have many friends and clients in China; and we hope and believe that our presence in the form of an organisation on the ground will serve to cement further our always pleasant relations. The extension of Grace service into China is largely the carrying out of plans decided upon after the visit of our Vice-President, Mr. J. H. Rosseter, to the Orient about a year and a half ago. But as Mr. Rosseter has been virtually commandeered by the United States Government as Director-General of Operations of the Shipping Board, we shall have to proceed without his guiding hand from now on, as, of course, his new activities divorce him from any active participation in our affairs.

"I know that it can be stated authoritatively, however, that he is in warm sympathy and accord with all American and Allied interests in China. You may be sure he will do his utmost to protect the position of our national trade in after-the-war policies for the Far East. This support will be wide in its designs to encourage as many houses as possible, both large and small, to take up representative positions for any and all suitable lines of trade, which can be assisted by American tonnage and American resources."

Mr. Elliott stated that the formal announcement of the opening and location of the office of the Grace China Company in Shanghai will probably be made after Mr. S. F. Jones, who is to be the manager of the new Shanghai office, arrives on the ground. Mr. Jones has been the agent of the Pacific Mail S. S. Company in Kobe; he is now en route from San Francisco and is expected on the Pacific Mail liner Ecuador October 18. The Shanghai office will be administrative to the offices and branches which it is planned to also inaugurate at such points as Tientsin, Peking, Dairen, and Hankow.

Accompanying Mr. Elliott are his fifteen-year old son, Master James, Mr. A. Bland Calder, Mr. S. E. Petropavlovsky, and Mr. L. W. Wilkins, who have been traveling for a time with him. They will be attached to the staff of the company's new office in Shanghai. Mr. G. Charles Hodges is also with Mr. Elliott during his visit here.

The principal markets that the new Grace China Company will buy and sell for will be in connection with their own houses located at New York, New Orleans, San Francisco, Seattle, Havana, Panama and the Central American capitols; the principal South American offices in Guavaquil, Lima, Iquique, La Paz, Santiago and Valpara'so, Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro and Santos; the European houses in London, Liverpool, and Manchester, Paris, Rotterdam, Stockholm, Petrograd, Barcelona and Genoa; the Oriental offices at Colombo, Calcutta, Hongkong, and Tokio; and connections in the Philippines.

ALUMNI FETE HELD AT ST. JOHN'S TODAY

300 To Attend Annual Program Of Speeches, Dancing, Music And Sports

St. John's University will hold its annual alumni day today on the university campus. The program will begin with a tiffin to be given by President F. L. Hawks Pott to about 300 alumni and their wives and children.

Speeches will be delivered by President Pott, Dr. T. K. M. Siao, president of the Alumni Club, and Prof. J. R. Norton of the Middle School. A feature of the day's program will be the dancing of the girl students of St. Mary's School.

A gymkhana for men, women and children will be held at 3:30 o'clock, including a backward walking race, hopping race, man and superman needle race, wheelbarrow race, father and son race, dry fishing, leap frog race, skipping race, catch-man race and tug-of-war between married men and single men.

The Chin Woo Athletic Team will give an exhibition of fencing at 4:30 o'clock to be followed by an animal show and the distribution of prizes. The University orchestra also will play. An inspection of the newly erected Cooper Gymnasium will also be made.

TSAO JU-LIN PERVERTS REPLY OF THE POWERS

Tells Cabinet Note Objecting To Gold Currency Was Favorable

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, October 11.—The Note presented to the Chinese Government by the Diplomatic Corps concerning Tsao Ju-lin's gold note issue has resulted in a misunderstanding. It appears that Tsao Ju-lin immediately reported to the Cabinet that the Diplomatic Corps has expressed satisfaction concerning the scheme to issue gold notes and they were free to go ahead.

The note, perhaps, lent itself to wilful misunderstanding by Tsao, who apparently intentionally misled his colleagues. The matter still requires clearing up.

Bolsheviki Refuse To Free Prisoners

Soviets Reject Proposal To Liberate Innocent Persons Held In Jail

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Stockholm, October 9.—A message from Petrograd states that the Soviet rejected by an overwhelming majority a proposal to liberate all innocent prisoners. Wholesale arrests still continue.

EX-SOLDIERS SENTENCED FOR TAKING ARMY SHOES

Two Former U. S. Enlisted Men Convicted Of Conspiracy At Tientsin

Two ex-soldiers of the U.S. army were sentenced to one year's imprisonment in Bilibid prison and to pay fines of G.$1,000 each, or serve subsidiary imprisonment for conspiracy, by a decision handed down in the United States Court for China, Tientsin, by Judge C. S. Lobingier last Monday.

The men, Chris Leonhardt and Bert Terry, were charged with having conspired, together with Robert E. Marlowe, an army sergeant, J. T. Jespersen and others unknown, to defraud the U. S. Government by appropriating to their own use 75 pairs of army shoes valued at G.$337.50. The shoes were entrusted by the army quartermaster to supply Sergt. Marlowe for issue to members of the 15th Infantry and were delivered to Leonhardt. The shoes were to have been sold to the Mongolian Trading Company at Kalgan.

Major Arthur Basset, U.S.A., special United States Attorney, appeared for the prosecution in the case and Mr. Harry A. Lucker defended.

The two men left Chinwangtao on a United States transport Tuesday bound for Manila.

U.S. Bank Resources Are Up Two Billion

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, October 10.—(Received at French Wireless Station.)—The total resources of national banks of America on August 31 were $18,043,695,000 an increase of nearly two billion dollars since May first this year.

JAPANESE IN AMERICA AID LIBERTY LOAN DRIVE

Ishii Makes Ringing Speech At Flag-Raising Ceremony And Premier Sends Message

(American Wireless To Reuter)

New York, October 10.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—The feature of the observance of Japanese Day in the Fourth Liberty Loan Drive was the reading of a message from the Japanese Premier to the American public through the Japanese Consul here. The Premier predicted a close unity between Japan and the United States which would be "evidenced by the generous response to the appeal made on Japanese Day for help to free the world from aggressive tyranny."

Viscount Ishii, the Japanese Ambassador, said:

"The German debacle on the Western front is unmistakable evidence that a general collapse of the enemy has begun. The victory must be complete, otherwise it is not victory."

The Japanese flag was raised at the Altar of Liberty in Madison Square in the presence of Viscount Ishii and a distinguished company of Japanese in military and civilian garb. The Ambassador was the principal speaker of the day. In a ringing address he said:

"The Americans are now proving that they are as powerful behind bonds as behind guns."

He thrillingly recounted how the Japanese and American soldiers are now fighting shoulder to shoulder in Siberia and how the Stars and Stripes and the Rising Sun together with the colors of the other Allies were received with open arms by the people of Siberia. He recalled how Japan raised a loan in New York and London during her war against Russia and how the loan helped to win the war. He had no doubt but that the Fourth Liberty Loan would prove most effective for final and complete victory and "for the attainment of the noble and lofty ideals of international justice."

The Japanese national hymn was sung by Madam Miura, after which Captain Uyeda raised the Japanese flag above the altar. Little Fumiko Yade, daughter of the Japanese Consul-General, placed at the bottom of the staff a huge bouquet of white and yellow chrysanthemums.

Canadian Red Cross

From The Canadian Red Cross Society
Quebec Provincial Branch
45 Belmont Park,
Montreal, September 6, 1918.

To
Joseph J. Evans, Esq.,
Messrs. Edward Evans and Sons, Ltd.,
Shanghai.

Dear Sir.—I beg to acknowledge with many thanks your letter of 2nd ultimo, enclosing draft for $631.52.

We gratefully appreciate the interest taken in the Red Cross Society by the people in Shanghai as evidenced by this most acceptable donation to its funds.

Will you kindly convey to Mr. Upton, to the ladies and to all who contributed to the success of the Dominion Day Collection, as well as to the subscribers to the fund, our most sincere thanks.

We also beg to thank you personally most heartily for all you have done in connection with the matter.

The photograph you have sent us is a most excellent one and we shall endeavor to have it reproduced in one of our local papers. The idea of running a tank on the trolley line is quite original.

Again thanking you, I am,
Yours very truly,
(Signed J. J. M. PANGMAN,
Hon. Secretary.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent, or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent, or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse. It causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

The signature of Chas. H. Fletcher guarantees genuine Castoria

Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."
J. E. SIMPSON, M. D., Chicago, Ill.

"Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, and always obtain the desired result."
F. GERALD BLATTNER, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

"A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is deserves the highest praise. I find it in use everywhere."
J. S. ALEXANDER, M. D., Omaha, Neb.

"I have prescribed Castoria to families for several years. It is all right. Mothers like it, for children will take it without any trouble."
C. A. WILSON, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

"Have used your Castoria on various occasions in suitable cases and have found it a palatable and efficient laxative, especially in the various diseases of childhood."
CHAS. EDWARD GARDINER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."
J. A. BOARMAN, M. D., Kansas City, Mo.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Your Last Opportunity To Help Win the War

The war is almost won!

The Germans and Austrians are asking for peace and preparing to withdraw from Belgium.

Christmas time may see the world war at an end.

Do you realize that we are offering you what may be your last opportunity to share in the glorious victory for civilization?

Have you done so much for Allied victory that you can let this opportunity go by without subscribing for Liberty Bonds?

When Shanghai joins all the world in celebration of peace, will you be able to join without a twinge of remorse that you did not do more to make victory possible?

Dot not let this opportunity pass!

Buy Liberty Bonds today.

This space contributed for the Winning of the War by
Messrs. American Express Co., American Trading Co., Banque de l'Indo Chine, Butterfield and Swire, China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd., Lever Brothers (China), Ltd., National Commercial Bank, Toyo Kisen Kaisha and W. Z. Zee ands Sons.

Liberty Loan Committee

26 Nanking Road, Shanghai

MARCONI WIRELESS SENT 12,000 MILES DIRECT

Station At Carnarvon Communicates Day And Night With Sydney

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, October 8.—Reuter's agency learns that the Peking representative of Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited, has received a telegram from London, dated October 2, stating that the Marconi time sparking station at Carnarvon is communicating day and night direct with Sydney, New South Wales, a distance of 12,000 miles. The first messages were sent by Mr. Hughes, Australian Premier, and Sir Joseph Cook, Minister of the Navy.

This is the longest distance of transmission yet attained by means of wireless telegraphy. The previous longest distance of transmission, day and night, was between San Francisco and Funabashi, Japan, a distance of 5,900 miles, with a relay at Honolulu.

In conection with the above announcement, it is noteworthy that direct transmission over such a distance as twelve thousand miles by means of a cable is impossible owing to the electric capacity of the cable, which has to be periodically charged and discharged, signals thus becoming distorted and therefore unreadable. On the other hand, the ether, having no such limitations, is capable of becoming energised with infinite speed, and the distance over which that energy can be communicated in telegraphic form is limited only by the power of the transmitting station and the sensitiveness of the receiver. Moreover, the maximum speed of the fastest cable in operation does not exceed thirty words per minute, whereas signals have been transmitted by wireless between Canada and England at the rate of 680 words per minute, although speed is reduced in commercial practice to 350 words per minute. This speed, however, is being constantly increased as improvements are made.

A wireless station, also, is capable of transmitting and receiving many more messages simultaneously than a cable, because of the different wave lengths of vibrations that can be caused in the medium of transmission, i.e., the ether, and the selectivity of the wireless receivers developed within the last two years.

OVERTURES TO CZECHS MADE BY GERMANY

Reported To Be Making Promises To Wean Them From Allies

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Washington, October 10.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Despatches from a neutral country to the State Department reported overtures by the Germans to the Czechs. Only a vague account of the movement has been given but the Germans are said to be making conciliatory promises to the Czech leaders in efforts to align them with the Teutonic peace program.

An Atlantic Port, October 10.—(Received at French Wireless Station.)—Major-General Sir C. H Powell, head of the Red Cross Society of England, has arrived here en route to Siberia. He is accompanied by Miss MacGregor who organised the Red Cross in Rumania.

Reuter's Pacific Service

Vladivostok, October 10.—The Ufa Directoire arrived in Omsk on the 8th.

Doctor Girsa of the Czecho-Slovak National Council, in an interview today stated that the position of General Gaida, the Commander-in-Chief of the Russian forces in Siberia, had unfortunately been misjudged by some of the Allies. The Czecho-Slovak National Council desire it to be widely known that they never sought the command; it was thrust upon them by force of circumstances and was looked upon as a heavy burden which militated against the accomplishment of their own national aspirations. They only agreed to take over the command after reiterated requests and could not refuse this help, in which the Russians saw a guarantee for order and discipline in their own army.

General Horvath notified today that the orders issued by the Czecho-Slovaks within the zone of the Chinese-Eastern Railway for the Russians and voluntarily infringed the Suzerain rights of China. With the object of restoring the normal treaty status, the Chinese-Eastern Railway Administration is compelled to issue orders countermanding those of the Czecho-Slovaks. He is convinced that the misunderstanding will neither diminish the ancient friendship of Russia with China or the friendly relations with the Czecho-Slovaks, who have rendered such signal service to Russia in her hour of trial.

A telegram from Ekaterinburg states that the Circuit Court there has commenced an investigation regarding the assassination of the ex-Tsar.

British Tommie Uncovers German Machine Gun Emplacement

This British Tommie, while on scout duty, discovered this machine-gun buried by the fleeing Huns near Meteren. The soldier was photographed while in the act of digging out the gun with his bare hands.

Liberty Bond Total Nears Million Mark

(Continued from Page 1)

Messrs. Hashagen and Sheridan	20	25,500
Messrs. Tichener and Bradley	2	1,100
Messrs. Green, Dodge and Gregory	45	55,900
Messrs. Twogood and Green	144	54,750
Messrs. Ericson and Smith	9	3,350
Messrs. Ashley and Lempert	7	3,000
Messrs. Gulick and Sailor	109	44,500
Messrs. Squires, Shock and McRae	7	1,250
Messrs. Powell, Black, Powell, Potter, Pulver, Harris, Davies, Zankle and Haughwout	27	15,900
Messrs. Shirley and McRae	47	23,900
Messrs. Caldwell and Boynton	73	17,800
Messrs. Sherman and Williams	27	15,150
Mr. W. E. Linton	10	2,500
Shanghai committee Totals	825	G.$461,400

Yesterday's subscriptions:

Name of Bank	Subscribers	Amount
International Banking Corporation	78	G.$27,700
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	11	6,550
American Express Co.	5	2,800
Russo-Asiatic Bank	16	11,050
Bank of China	5	18,050
Banque Industrielle de Chine	2	1,100
American-Oriental Bank	6	1,150
Chartered Bank	1	1,000
Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank	4	2,450
Bank of Communications	4	1,800
Totals	132	G.$73,650

Summary:

Name of Bank	Subscribers	Amount
International Banking Corporation	714	G.$363,000
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	112	113,150
American Express Co.	111	51,650
Russo-Asiatic Bank	53	60,550
Bank of China	42	79,550
Direct Drafts on U.S.A.	20	27,850
Banque Industrielle de Chine	42	23,100
American-Oriental Bank	112	26,150
Chartered Bank	35	18,450
Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank	15	9,750
Yokohama Specie Bank	3	1,500
Bank of Communications	7	2,600
Totals	1,266	G.$777,300

Outports:

Hankow	100,000
Tientsin	96,000
	G.$196,000

(Not included in total)

Chefoo	£1,000

Total for North China.....G.$973,300

YANGTSZE TUCHUNS WON'T HAVE TSAO K'UN

Will Declare Provinces Independent If He Is Elected Vice-President

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, October 11.—The Yangtsze Tuchuns, under the leadership of General Li Shun, the Military Governor of Kiangsu, have telegraphed to President Hsu Shih-chang, Liang Shih-yi and Wang I-tang that if General Tsao K'un is appointed Vice-President they will declare the independence of the provinces under their control.

HIMROD'S

Gives Instant Relief

No matter what your respiratory organs may be suffering from—whether

ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, NASAL CATARRH, or ORDINARY COUGH.

—you will find in this famous remedy a restorative power that is simply unequalled.

FAMED FOR 40 YEARS

Sold in this by Stores throughout the Country. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

CURE FOR ASTHMA

AMERICAN FUR AUCTION

(American Wireless To Reuter)

St. Louis, Mo., October 10.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—The figures of sales in the first two days of the International Fur Auction reached $1,749,000. A new high price was $81 as against $67 last April at the Hudson Bay sale. Polar bear pelts brought $110.

ENJOY Cheerfulness

Installing "Brilliant" wire lamp throughout

Brilliant wire lamp

TOKYO ELECTRIC CO. and China Lamp Co.

Show Room

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Phone: Central 4907

A-55

DAY & NIGHT WEAR

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CONFIDENCE.

AS Spinners with over a hundred years' experience, and as Manufacturers of the world-famous "Viyella" (Regd.) Blouse and Shirting Cloth,

WM. HOLLINS & CO., LTD.,

call attention to their TRADE MARK as above. Whether on the Selvedge of Piece goods, or on the Tab on made-up Garments, this MARK is a GUARANTEE that the fabric bearing it is their genuine production, and that the utmost CONFIDENCE may be placed on its perfection of make, and on its good-wearing qualities. "AZA" (Regd.) and "CLYDELLA" (Regd.) only less famous than "Viyella," are made by the same firm.

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Viyella House, Newgate St., LONDON, ENGLAND.

Wholesale only.

KIANGWAN RACES

Ride there in comfort in one of our

FLEET OF 25 CARS

Cars will leave every few minutes from

The Eastern Garage and The Star Garage

TO KIANGWAN during Race Day

$1.00 Per Passenger $1.00

THE SHANGHAI GARAGE CO.

Operating

THE EASTERN GARAGE, 4 Soochow Road

THE STAR GARAGE, 125 Bubbling Well Road

Our Motto is "SERVICE"

OVER HERE! By Callahan

NO MORE SUGAR FOR YOU FOLKS. AND THIS IS MY FIRST SUGARLESS CAKE.
THAT'S NICE!
GOSH! NO MORE SUGAR ON MY BREAD.
I SHOULD WORRY ABOUT NO MORE SUGAR.
HOW CAN I YOU MAKE CAKE WITHOUT SUGAR. GOSH! I'LL TASTE LIKE A CAKE OF SOAP.
HON" AND DEARIE WON'T MISS SUGAR THEY'RE TOO SWEET AS IT IS.
LOVE LOVE"
OH, DEAR! I KNOW I'LL DIE WITHOUT SUGAR.
AIN'T SHE A PILL!
I HAVE A SWEET HAT, SO WHAT DO I CARE.
CALAMITY JANE
LOOKIT "BLUBBER" HE DON'T KNOW ENOUGH TO TAKE HIS BROWN DERBY OFF.
NICE DOPE! HE USES BROWN SUGAR. HE NEVER THINKS, HE CAN'T STAND THE STRAIN.
HATTIE"
I WON'T MISS SUGAR, STUPE. I HAVE A SWEETHEART. AND HER OL' GENT IS ALWAYS RAISING CAIN WITH ME.
"COMEDIAN"
DON'T GET YOUR LETTERS MIXED WHEN WRITING TWO DIFFERENT GIRLS.
AFTER THAT I OUGHTA PUT A LUMP ON YOUR BEAN.
WHEN IS SOON?
OL' JOHN DON'T
POP HASN'T USED SUGAR FOR MONTHS HE'S ON A DIET.
NO SUGAR GOES AGAINST LIL' WILLIES GRAIN.
SHE ATE A PIECE OF SOAP ONCE, SHE THOUGHT IT WAS CANDY. ON APRIL FOOLS DAY.
"DEARIE" IS SWEETENING HON'S COFFEE WITH HER ITTY PRETTY LIL' FINGER. WHAT COULD BE SWEETER?
THE FAMILY "ZOO"
"YOUNG NUISANCE" WILL MISS THE SUGAR MOST, BECAUSE HE HAS A SWEET TOOTH, AND THAT'S THE ONLY ONE.
SUGAR NEVER SWEETENED THIS BIRD HE'S ANTI-SWEET!
Jack Callahan
13

Races At Kiangwan Today

The second day's events of the International Recreation Club 47th gymkhana meeting will be held at the Kiangwan track this afternoon. The first saddling bell is scheduled for 1:30 o'clock.

Special trains will leave Shanghai north Station at 1:00, 1:30, 2:00 and 2:15 o'clock and local garages will run automobiles to the course every few minutes.

The events:

1. Fairwell Plate.
2. Champagne Stakes.
3. Duffers' Handicap Steeplechase or Autumn Selling Plate.
4. Great Metropolitan Stakes.
5. Village Selling Plate.
6. Friary Nursery Plate.
7. October Handicap.
8. Nil Desperandum Plate.

Cathedral School Sports

The Cathedral School Sports take place this afternoon on the Race Course and as usual with these youngsters the meeting promises to be a big success. The jumps have already been decided in the school grounds and today twenty events are scheduled. There will be a number of team events of which the two most exciting are sure to be the mile relay race and the struggle for The Parsa Pass Efficiency Shield.

The Field Shield, presented by Major Pilcher, will be awarded to the team that gains the most marks in all the events. The school is divided into four divisions named the Trojans, Olympians, Crusaders and Vikings. Tremendous keenness is being shown by all the boys and even the smallest tot under eight years old may be of value to his team in the meeting. For every first scored the team including that successful contestant gets five marks, a second gets three and a third gets one. In the jumps, thanks to the young athlete Whitham, his team have already scored over sixty marks.

The drill display will be judged by Major Pilcher and the prizes will be distributed by Lady de Sausmarez. The sports begin at 2:30 p.m. sharp.

Harriers Out Today

The Shanghai Harriers Club will hold the first paper chase of the season today when two packs will be out for a six-mile run in the Bubbling Well district.

The start will be made from the Jessfield Hotel, Jessfield Road, at 4:30 p.m. and the cross-country men will go away in two divisions—a fast and a slow pack. The trail will be laid by two members.

Entries for the "Novice Championship" are now being received by the club secretary.

The club's annual meeting will be held at the Rowing Club at 5:30 p.m. next Wednesday.

Siberian Red Cross Cup

Mr. T. T. Chow has generously presented to the Shanghai Rifle Association two valuable cups for competition among the members of the Defense Forces of Shanghai and the members of the S.R.A., the proceeds of the competitions to be devoted to any War or Charity Funds, at the discretion of the Committee of the S.R.A.

The Committee have decided to designate the first cup as the Siberian Red Cross Cup and a small entrance fee of $1 will be charged for the competition, which will take place on Saturday, November 30. The net proceeds will be given to the Allied Red Cross in Siberia. The second cup will be shot for latter.

The conditions of the competition will be "all service;" no match sides or match barrel. Only service rifles with open sights are allowed. The competition will be snap shooting and rapid fire. No handicap. The Committee sincerely hopes that every member of the Defense Forces will enter for this competition.

VOLUNTEER DOCKS TODAY

The Volunteer, first U.S. War Trade Board freighter to the Far East, will dock at China Merchants Central Wharf this morning at 5:30 o'clock. The liner brings 1,200 tons of cargo for Shanghai and will take 500 tons from this port to Hongkong and Manila. The Volunteer has been assigned to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

Venezuela Out Today

The Pacific Mail liner Venezuela will arrive at Woosong this morning and will sail for Japan ports, Honolulu and San Francisco this afternoon. The probable hour of sailing is four o'clock.

News Brevities

The marriage of Mr. Gerald Owen Wootten of Lafuente and Wootten, architects, and Miss Margaret Louise Ollerdessen, daughter of Mrs. L. Ollerdessen of 26 Jessfield Road, will take place at St. Joseph's Cathedral this afternoon at three o'clock.

• • •

Mr. D. K. Grady, of THE CHINA PRESS, left for Vladivostok yesterday. He will do Y.M.C.A. work with the Czecho-Slovak troops.

• • •

The Canadian Pacific Ocean Liner Monteagle is due at Woosung tomorrow morning at 6 o'clock from Hongkong. The tender for the liner will leave the Municipal Jetty at 10 o'clock Monday morning.

• • •

A Chinese Police Constable was charged in the Mixed Court yesterday with theft of a pair of shoes from the Yangtszepoo Police Station.

• • •

Eight Chinese, including three farmers, a mason, a tailor, a cook, a carpenter and a coolie, appeared in the Mixed Court yesterday on a charge of conspiring to take part in an insurrection intended to overthrow the government of the Republic. They were arrested in a back room at 60 Apham Road and said that they were recruits for the Southern army. Detective Sub-Inspector Givens testified that the Annam Road place appeared to be a clearing house for recruits. The case was remanded one week for the police to consult the legal advisor.

• • •

Hankow papers say that among the passengers who left that city last week was Mr. J. F. Dodman, manager of the Hankow branch of Messrs. Weeks and Co. for the last ten years. He left to join the English army.

• • •

The Rev. A. L. Warnshuis of the China Continuation Committee will address the Sunday Service League on "Real Patriotism" tomorrow evening at 5 o'clock at the Y.M.C.A. Hall.

• • •

Professor C. H. Robertson, of the Y.M.C.A. who has delivered a number of addresses in Shanghai recently, will speak at the American Song Service tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock in the Assembly Room of the Palace Hotel on the subject of "Some Thought for the Years Ahead." There will be special music.

• • •

Judge Lobingier has returned from Tientsin for which place he left last Sunday to hold an adjourned session of the United States Court. While there he conferred, as Field Representative of the American Red Cross, with the Committee of the Tientsin Chapter and in returning he stopped off and met the officers of the Nanking Chapter.

• • •

Messrs. A. L. Anderson and Co. inform THE CHINA PRESS that they are in receipt of telegraphic information to the effect that Vickers, Limited, are taking power to increase capital from the reserves, will issue one new share at 30/- for every three old ones and are expected to distribute a bonus.

• • •

A nine-year-old Chinese girl was knocked down and fatally injured by an automobile driven by Mr. S. Trevor-Smith Thursday afternoon on Bubbling Well Road near the Olympic Theater. The child was playing with others and ran across the street directly in front of the movink car. Mr. Trevor-Smith took the girl to St. Luke's hospital, where she died.

• • •

Four men, two armed with revolvers and another with a knife, entered a dwelling house at 793 North Chengtu Road yesterday, held up the occupants and stole jewelry and clothes valued at $600.

ALLIED ARMIES ENTER EL BASSAN IN ALBANIA

Take Principal City On One Of Main Arteries Through Country

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, October 9.—An official communique reports:

After crushing a strong resistance by the enemy's rear-guard we entered El Bassan on the 7th. Our advance continues.

London, October 9.—(By wireless). An Austrian official communique reports:

In Albania the Franco-Servians forces entered El Bassan, which we evacuated.

IS YOUR FACE DISFIGURED

by pimples or blotches? Is so it is a sure sign that

PINKETTES

are needed to set matters right.

As a remedy for disordered liver, biliousness, coated tongue, sick headaches, pimples, blotched skin, and other troubles arising from constipation Pinkettes are perfection. Tiny but thorough, as gentle as nature. Of all chemists, or 60 cents the phial, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

HSU CONSIDERS PEACE VITAL NEED FOR CHINA

Officials And Merchants Advised To Co-operate To End Civil Strife

Reuter's Pacific Service

Peking, October 10.—President Hsu Shih-chang was inaugurated today. Representatives of the press were not invited to be present at the ceremony, concerning which there are conflicting reports, some stating that Hsu Shih-chang was very nervous.

A mandate announced that General Tuan Chi-jui has been relieved of the post of Premier and Chien Nung-shun is appointed Acting Premier.

Another mandate awards $100,000 for the relief of sufferers from the floods in Kwangtung.

The Gazette announces that President Hsu Shih-chang considers the restoration of the peace of China vitally necessary but industrial improvement and currency reform are also vital questions connected with the welfare of the country, particularly as after the termination of the world war all eyes will be turned to China. Therefore all officials and merchants are advised to co-operate in restoring peace and improving economic conditions.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL CONFIDENTLY RECOMMEND

C&B By Appointment to H.M. THE KING

FINEST

MIDLOTHIAN ROLLED OATS

A clean, tempting food, giving stamina—unrivalled for Breakfast.

AGENTS FOR LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

AS THE BEST PREPARATION OF OATS

THIS TRADE MARK

The Guarantee of Excellence on Goods Electrical

The TRADE MARK of the Largest Electrical Manufacturer in the World

Anderson, Meyer & Co. Ltd. Sole Agents for China.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ — Midnight, 13³⁰ — 1³⁰ p.m.

July 1st, 1917, and until further notice

Mail 101	Mail 3.	Local 1.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Local 2.	Mail 4.	Mail 103.
S. s.	R. s.	B. S.				B. S.	B. s.
2035	930	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2200	1950	1020
2345	1123	535	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	730
2350	1137	540	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1653	715
000	1138	600	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1928	1645	709
1010	1330	2340	524	arr. Mukden dep.	1701	. .	1045

Local 5.	Mail 3.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4.	Local 5.
	B. s.					B. s.	
718	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1700	1632
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	—	1655	1622
748	1200	—	. .	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1631	1547
1138	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	1221
1447	1748	—	143	dep. Techow dep.	—	1049	903
1801	2031	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	808	640
7.	1	—	220	1	—	1	8.
838	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	756	1813
1089	2231	—	266	dep. Tsianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	033	—	. .	arr. Yanchowfu dep.	—	349	1311
1315	048	—	318	dep. Yanchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1558	310	—	377	dep. Linchang dep.	—	120	1032
1810	430	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	810
9.	2	—	420	2	—	2	10.
020	437	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2328	2007
1158	822	—	528	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1953	1442
1204	840	—	. .	dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1946	1432
1537	1143	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	928
1848	1300	—	631	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	738

Express 16.	Express 10.			Shanghai-Nanking Line	Express 1.	Express 15.
R. S.	R.				B.	B. S.
. .	1400	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	1410	. .
2200	1400	. .	. .	dep. Nanking arr.	1415	600
700	2120	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	755	2200

Yanchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Linchang-Tsechwang Branch Line				
900	1300	2130	d. Yanchowfu a.		530	1110	1800	d. Linchang a.	810	1410	2100
1000	1455	2230	a. Tsiningchow d.		538	1118	1908	a. Tsechwang d.	702	1302	1938

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 2301 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, July 1917.

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS	Local	Express R.	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.	STATIONS	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R.	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	..	7.35	9.10	9.47	12.45	15.35	17.15	20.00	PEKING dep.	..	..	..	..	..	8.35		..
SOOCHOW dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.56	18.15	19.20	1.08	TIENTSIN arr.	..	..	..	..	..	11.40		..
WUSIH dep.	..	10.21	12.04	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.20	2.10	CENTRAL dep.	..	..	..	..	..	18.05		..
CHANGCHOW dep.	6.30	11.30	13.16	15.08	16.48	..	21.35	3.10	TSINANFU dep.	..	..	..	..	..	20.27		..
TANYANG dep.	8.05	12.09	14.11	16.15	17.41	..	..	..	PUKOW arr.	..	..	..	..	..	12.55		..
CHINKIANG dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18.32	..	..	5.06									
NANKING arr.	11.10	*14.15	16.30	19.37	19.50	..	..	6.50	NANKING dep.	..	..	7.20	8.00	11.45	*14.30	16.35	18.00
									CHINKIANG dep.	..	..	9.00	10.10	12.50	16.06	18.15	1.02
PUKOW dep.	..	15.30			..	..	..	..	TANYANG dep.	..	..	9.56	10.59	14.15	16.41	19.08	..
TSINANFU dep.	..	8.15			..	..	..	..	CHANGCHOW dep.	7.20	..	10.54	12.16	15.06	17.30	20.20	5.20
TSINANFU arr.	..	16.20			..	..	..	..	WUSIH dep.	8.15	6.10	11.36	13.36	15.60	18.39	..	6.15
CENTRAL dep.	..	16.55			..	..	..	..	SOOCHOW dep.	8.56	8.05	12.18	14.04	17.01	19.21	..	6.48
PEKING arr.	..	19.20			..	..	..	..	SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	15.50	18.00	21.00	..	9.00

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS dep.	6.30	8.10	10.40	13.15	14.40	15.30	18.10	21.20	SHANGHAI NORTH dep.	6.15	7.35	10.05	12.35	14.05	15.05	17.30	20.40
HANKOW dep.	7.17	8.57	11.31	13.46	15.21	16.07	18.57	21.57	SIANGWANG dep.	6.51	7.41	10.15	12.50	14.11	15.01	17.41	20.51
SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	8.05	8.45	11.20	13.50	15.15	16.05	19.05	22.05	WOOSUNG FORTS arr.	6.42	8.06	10.40	13.00	14.35	15.30	18.06	21.16

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Sicawei dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15 13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Songkiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing dep.	7.40	10.25	12 30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehzah dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan dep.	9.45	11.41	14 00	16.50	....	18 24	....	....
Nangchow dep.	11.10	12 50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Nangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Yehzah dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashai dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Songkiang dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	10 30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Sicawei dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU — KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. — ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.00	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	7.00	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun..	dep.	6 15	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.25	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	6.27	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun..	dep.	7.37	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	6.46	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7.50	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Fine weather. Northerly winds, moderate in the northern and central districts; fresh to strong in the south.

MARRIAGE

WOOTTEN-OLLERDESSEN: Gerald Owen Wootten to Margaret Louise Ollerdessen, at St. Joseph's Cathedral, 3 p.m., Saturday, October 12, 1918.
19707.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. C. S. Pearson and family desire to thank their friends for their sympathy and the beautiful flowers sent on the occasion of their recent bereavement.
19703.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, OCTOBER 12, 1918

The Myth Of German Invincibility

The theory so often propounded by Germany of her military invincibility is now being put to the test. Whether it is standing up under the test may be seen by merely scanning the Reuter despatches received from day to day relative to the progress of the battle in the West. The Allied offensive is developing every day and the battle is taking on a more decisive character every moment. The great system of defense established by Germany is rapidly crumbling. All she can do now is to concentrate every ounce of energy she possesses on the task of postponing the hour of reckoning. She may be able to delay the decisive moment of the war, she will never be able to frustrate its coming.

Cambrai, after a severe struggle has fallen into Allied hands. The victorious armies of the Allies are pushing miles ahead and the haul of prisoners is daily and hourly becoming richer. The Hindenburg Line has been shattered. The offensive in Lorraine is going well. The Allied troops have crossed the Suippe in several places. The British have under their fire the railway between Maubeuge and Laon, in the vicinity of Guise.

But it is not the military situation alone that ought to cause, and is doubtless causing, dismay in Germany. There are innumerable gloomy portents on the exterior political horison and within Germany herself. Even little Montenegro has been heartened by the course of recent events to take up arms against the Austrians, the womenfolk valiantly following in the wake of the men and taking up arms as well against their traditional oppressors. The position in Albania has become precarious for the truncated Germanic Alliance. In Turkey significant political changes have taken place. The notorious duo Enver Pasha and Talaat Pasha have been brought down from the saddle, and Tewfik Pasha, formerly Turkish Ambassador to London and reliably credited with pro-Ally leanings, has been appointed Turkish Grand Vizier in place of Enver. The importance of this political change must not be underrated, as it undoubtedly foreshadows the early capitulation of Turkey to the pressure of Allied arms. The Governor of Smyrna, also credited with sympathy for the Allied cause, has sent delegates to Athens to enter into contact with the Allies. In Syria, the British have extended their gains and we may confidently hope to see soon the complete emancipation of Mesopotamia, Syria and Armenia.

Turning to the domestic plight of Germany, the picture is an equally gloomy one for Germany. In spite of the severe censorship maintained over news going out of Germany, sufficient is leaking out to give us a pretty coherent conception of the situation in that harassed and distracted land. After a momentary recovery, panic is reported to have again seized the German Stock Exchanges, where there are no buyers for industrial stocks, while a mass of selling orders are being flung on the markets and it is impossible to execute them, buyers having disappeared. And, under the strain, Ludendorff has collapsed!

It is the winter of Germany's discontent. She now sees that the theory of her military invincibility was mythical.

Germany's Ante-War Plan For Kultur In China

(Continued from Page 1)

(b) Method of securing.

IV.—Closing Remarks

1.—The German merchant in China and his trade.

2.—The last opportunity.

An appendix contained a large number of detailed reports showing Germany's trade in China over a period of years. It also contained a list of higher Chinese officials with notes as to the official careers, special connections, British or American sympathies, etc.

A very large part of the report is devoted to education, for it was by a perversion of the mission school system built up by British and American effort in China that the Germans hoped to break down British and American prestige and saturate China with German kultur. "China is flooded with English and American school books" says the memorial.

"Educational specialists from America travel systematically through China and acquaint the Chinese with the wonders of modern science as seen through American eyes. The Chinese press is to a large degree under the influence of our opponents. The English language is to become obligatory in Chinese government schools above the lower elementary grade. Most striking is the comparison of the German with the British and American schools in China. The figures mentioned were:

For Protestant Missions

	Lower Schools	
	schools.	scholars.
English	1,445	32,303
American ..	1,992	44,354
German ...	154	4,862
	Middle and High Schools.	
	schools.	scholars.
English	241	7,552
American ..	286	23,040
German ...	15	523

As if this were not enough, England and America have gathered ten Million Marks more for Universities in Shantung, Hankow and Hongkong.

The memorial goes on to point out that in the ten years after the Boxer trouble there was a noticeable loss in German influence; that in the first few years of the present century there was still a chance to extend the German language alongside the English. "The English language has not yet spread so far that German can not hope to catch up with it. Our diplomacy ought to be able to assure the German language of that place in the Chinese Government schools that is its due, and to increase again German influence with the Chinese Government. By a better quality of schools Germany can make up for the quantity of English-American schools. The thoroughness of German methods of work is known to the Chinese, and is witnessed to by the flocking of students to the college in Tsingtau and to the medical and technical schools in Shanghai, that are this year (1913) three or four times as large as last year. Moreover, China will learn to understand more and more, that besides the United States Germany is the only one of the great powers that does not follow a political policy that looks to the annexation of Chinese territory.

After speaking of the need of reorganisation of the diplomatic and consular service and a more liberal financial policy on the part of Germany in order to gain control of the Chinese market the paper turns to the question of the German language. Under this heading it is said:

"The important matter in attaining our goal of capturing the Chinese market for German industry, lies in the question whether or not we are determined to take up the fight against the dominance of the English language. One may think what one will about the general truth of the saying that "trade follows language;" but the truth of the statement regarding China has already been sufficiently proved. Germany can, therefore, not delay in spreading the German language and German culture in influential Chinese circles. Only so can the caricature of Germany, which thanks to the lack of scrupulousness of our competitors, has become firmly fixed in the minds of the Chinese, be destroyed and place be made for the view that Germany needs to stand behind no one in the world, but, is called to play a leading part in the life of the world.

"The situation is not yet one in which our endeavors need to be looked on as without a prospect of success. It is true that the English language has a decided advantage, but the dominance of the English is, in comparison with the greatness of the Chinese nation only in the elementary schools, and can still be overcome by timely opposition measures. The prospects favorable to the spread of the German language lie chiefly that Germany is recognised by all as the language of science, and therefore seems to be destined rather than other languages to furnish China with the means for completing her internal organisation. It is true that there is no immediate prospects of our securing a number of teachers and scholars, equal to those of England and America, for organisations of this kind, are not procurable on demand; but up to a certain degree we are in a position, by an education of better quality to equalise the advantage gained by the larger quantity of the schools of our opponents. The strength of English and American schools has thus far consisted more in the number than in the quality of the culture given. Moreover, these schools have wasted much valuable energy by drawing without distinction from all classes of society. *We would confine ourselves to those circles which are destined to play a leading part, namely, to the upper strata of the intellectual and commercial classes, and to take into our field of endeavor only those provinces, on which depend the future economic development of the country, and which produce the strongest men both in intelligence and character. In this we can overcome, at least in part, the quantitative advantages of our opponents. From this point of view the following ten provinces would be those probably to be dealt with: Chihli, Shangtung, Shansi, Hunan, Hupeh, Szechuen, Kiangsu, Chekiang, Yunnan and Kwangtung.*

"We should formally as far as it accords with out aim, fall in line with the general plan, curricula, and regulations of the Chinese government schools, so as to smooth the way for recognition by the Chinese Government."

There followa an outline of a German school system for China and the cost of maintaining the same.

	Expenses	
	Initial	Annual
1.—Nine Middle Schools in Treaty Ports (Shanghai, Hankow, Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Canton, Nanking, Chungking, Changsha, Peking)	$380,000	$162,000
2.—Thirty-five Mision Middle Schools (in case the Missions will fall in with the general plan)	1,050,000	420,000
3.—Subsidy to ninety Elementary Schools in cities (that would teach German)		20,250
4.—Subsidy to 350 Elementary Schools in the Country		35,000
5.—Extra expenses to develop to college grade ("Arbiturium") three of the Middle Schools		30,000
6.—Extra expenses for normal education of teachers (in three centers)		30,000
7.—Schools for girls		25,000
8.—Five technical schools	900,000	270,000
9.—Maintaining 300 students in Germany and 100 traveling to and fro each year		235,000
10.—Teachers in Chinese Schools		150,000
11.—Translation Bureau	40,000	70,000
12.—Eight museums and industrial expositions	144,000	80,000
13.—Traveling lectureships		40,000
14.—Press		150,000
15.—Organisation, Head Office, Office in China, Promoters		50,000
	$2,514,000	$1,769,250

The difficulty of raising this money is not minimised, but it is thought to contain no unsurmountable difficulties.

Two plans were proposed either the formation of an "Auslands Kultur Verein" which should seek to secure small subscriptions from a very large number of members throughout Germany or failing the successful launching of such an organisation the reliance on Government action. It is suggested that a portion of the annual payment of ten million marks to Germany from the Boxer Indemnity could be devoted to this end.

The reason for desiring to work through the Missions in establishing Middle and Elementary Schools is that this course is necessitated by the fact that only missionaries can reside and carry on work in the interior away from the treaty ports. The paper says: "Only in their outward form should they be really Mission Schools, in their inner organisations they could be something between a mission school and another kind of school." Professional teachers will be necessary and they will divide the work in a suitable way with the missionaries. Moreover, these schools would have to stand in a special relation to the Mission, as they would be under a special organisation with its school inspector, and also because the religious element would be of secondary importance to the national. If participation in the religious instruction is made obligatory it is to be feared that just those classes of society, upon which we lay special emphasis, will not send their children to these schools. From the purely religious point of view the standpoint here put forward may seem somewhat questionable, but from our point of view it does not make so much difference, to gain new adherents to the Christian Church, but, much more to develop strong moral personalities."

Speaking of the German language in Government schools it is said that one must start from the premise that foreign schools in China, as in Japan, are only temporary in their nature and will before long be forced out by the Chinese Government or be taken over by it. If the German schools are developed into model institutions, as is planned, they could count on their being taken over in a reasonable time by the Chinese. "But we shall be able to reap the fruit of our endeavors only if we take care NOW that the German language is accorded the same place in Government schools as the English language. Otherwise, as soon as our direct control of the institutions founded by us, ceases, we shall have to see England and America reap where we have sowed. The question of how we can at the present time assure to the German language that place in Chinese government schools, which belongs to it, appears to us to be of the utmost importance, and of at least equal significance with the development of our whole German Chinese school system. Our diplomacy should, therefore, leave no means untried, to put through our endeavors in this domain. It is very evident, what all of this means for us. With one blow would be secured to the German language a determining influence, if we could in this way gain a foothold in China's widely branching school system. This is really a political question, that cannot be judged from here, but it can be seen with certainty, that we could meet the Chinese in many other fields, if we could only gain success here.

"In this matter too much is at stake for us to be satisfied with compromises. Whoever thinks that anything of value has really been gained with the recently promulgated school regulations, in accordance with which German is to be made the leading language in the technical schools and in Agriculture and Forestry, shows that he is not sufficiently acquainted with the situation. Such concessions are easy to make on paper, but are of no real significance in practice. So long as English is made the only obligatory language in the middle schools, the scholars will study German only in exceptional cases. Of what value is it then to us, that in the universities or technical schools German is taught in certain branches, when there is a lack of scholars, adequately prepared in this language? The heart of the question lies in the fight for the Middle Schools. What *must* be gained is that the German language be given an equal place with English as obligatory in middle and technical schools, in colleges and normal schools. We think we can ignore the Elementary Schools in which the students remain only until the 11th year."

Under the head of the Chinese press, after speaking of the Anti-German tone of other papers, and commending for its good work the Hsieh Ho Pao, a German paper published in Chinese, the pamphlet advocates that a telegraphic service be established to some twenty places in the interior of China and counteract the influence of Reuter's service.

Under the "concluding remarks" it is said: "Once more, and probably for the last time is the opportunity afforded us to take a hand in the course of events. If advantage is not taken now, England, America and Japan will obtain such a lead that we may as well give up the competition. To call attention to the seriousness of the situation, and to the heavy dangers, which the situation offers for Germany is the object of this pamphlet. To work with small and insufficient means is valueless and means only waste of time, strength and money. We must make it very plain that we have the choice of only two alternatives, either to look at the Chinese market as a lost position, where Germany, like to a state of second rank, can carry on a limited trade through the medium of the English language, or else we must put forth our strength to the utmost, maintain a school and propaganda policy on a large scale, and so safeguard for ourselves a part in China's economic development in keeping with our importance and the demands of our own future."

How To Be Famous

By James J. Montague

All celebrated men have been addicted to intoxicants.—A prominent whiskey advocate.

Bill Smith was quite unknown to fame; the papers never ran his name;
He was not bright or erudite,
Or gifted or amusing.
Along life's cool sequestered vale he never left a track or trail;
But lived unsung by pen or tongue,
Until he took to boozing.

And then he hurried home one night and put his wife and kids to flight,
And shot a cop who tried to stop
His quiet celebration.
And when reporters reached the spot they took his name and mug; and what
He did and said was swiftly spread
Across the listening nation.

Jim Green had always lived afar from where the blazing spotlights are,
Upon life's sea for years sailed he,
And never made a ripple.
A primrose by the river's brim a riot was, compared to him;
He slipped right by the public eye,
Until he took to tipple.

Whereat he promptly turned to crime and shot up banks from time to time,
And scarcely sneered and jibed and jeered
When moralists harangued him.
And through three murders, deftly done, such notoriety he won
That men grew keen to see Jim Green—
Especially when they hanged him.

And so, if after having sworn to pass up old John Barleycorn,
You find that you cannot break through
Oblivion's cramping portal,
Go out and be a drinking man; embrace the bottle, rush the can,
And then you may awake some day
To find yourself immortal.

War-Time Wallops

A German general staff seems a weak thing to lean on and begins to look like a crutch.—*Wall Street Journal.*

In these times a fashion expert is any woman who can get two or more seasons' wear out of one gown.—*Chicago Daily News.*

The real honest truth of it is that every one is in the draft. The Government merely hasn't called for men of some ages yet.—*Emporia Gazette.*

Revelations of profiteering in uniforms sold army officers suggest the desirability of establishing uniform prices.—*Nashville Southern Lumberman.*

Personally we are in favor of taxing heavily every newspaper that has an excess of war-prophets.—*Dallas News.*

Fortunately, the United States got over the idea that it could lick the world single-handed before the world decided to let us try.—*Emporia Gazette.*

Potash And Perlmutter Philosophise On The War

(*From The Springfield Republican*)

"Worrying Won't Win the War" is the philosophic title of a new series of tales of Montague Glass, recording the opinions and conclusions of our old friends, Abe and Mawruss, on questions and problems of the moment. The book comprises 35 independent monologues and dialogues in the quaint English of this shrewd pair or "cloak and suit" makers. It is the best possible antidote for gloom produced by war-time conditions. Abe and Mawruss have no sympathy with hyphenates, nor with halfway measures in conducting the war.

While most of the sketches are inspired by the war or its consequences, only a few of them bear directly upon the great struggle. They discuss the cause and effect of the Russian revolution, "soap-box" pacifists, the Bernstorff incident, the case of Dr. Muck, food conservation, the best method of disposing of ex-president, President Wilson, and other timely topics.

Naturally, the Kiser and his associates are taken under treatment, and, under the heading "On the front page and off," Potash and Perlmutter predict that quickly these men will be forgotten. "I wouldn't be a bit surprised," Mawruss says, "if in about five or six years from now you are going to take up the paper some morning and read an item like this: 'Max K. Hindenburg, 83 years old, a clothing merchant, member of the firm of Hindenburg and Levy, and recording secretary of Sigmund Meyer post No. 97, veterans of the war of 1914-1918, died early yesterday at his home, 2076 East Eighth street, Potsdam, Germany.' Deceased was a native of East Prussia."

President Wilson's critics, particularly Mr. Roosevelt, are shown up, and Abe concludes, that "an ex-president should be willing to stay ex."

The incidents are told in a broadly humorous satric vein, the distorted English of the observations keeping the reader in a mirthful mood. But beneath the cloak of froth is a current of seriousness that sweeps away the masks of hypocrisy and self-seeking behind which men have hidden their sinister purposes or ignorant pretenses in the trying months since the great war brought darkness upon the world.

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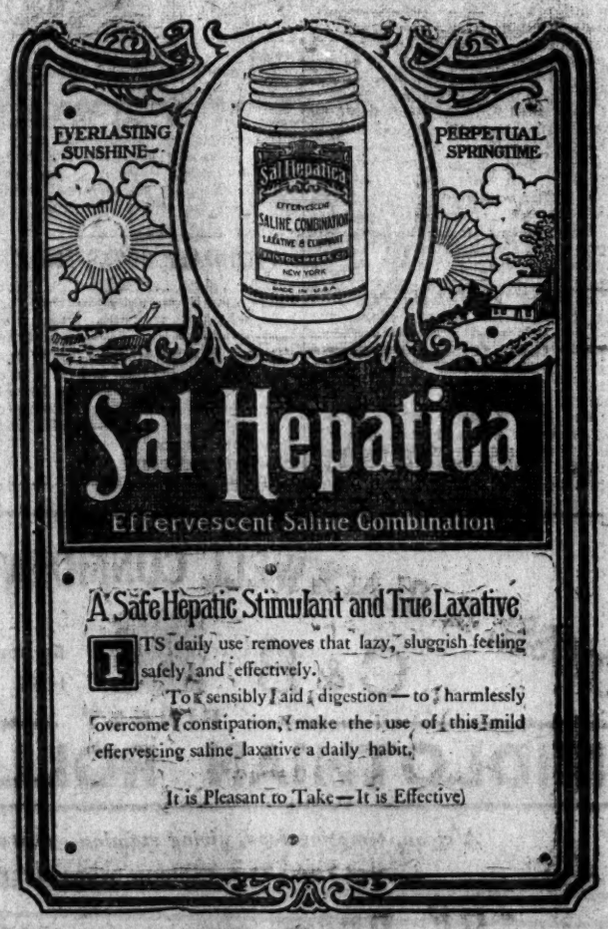
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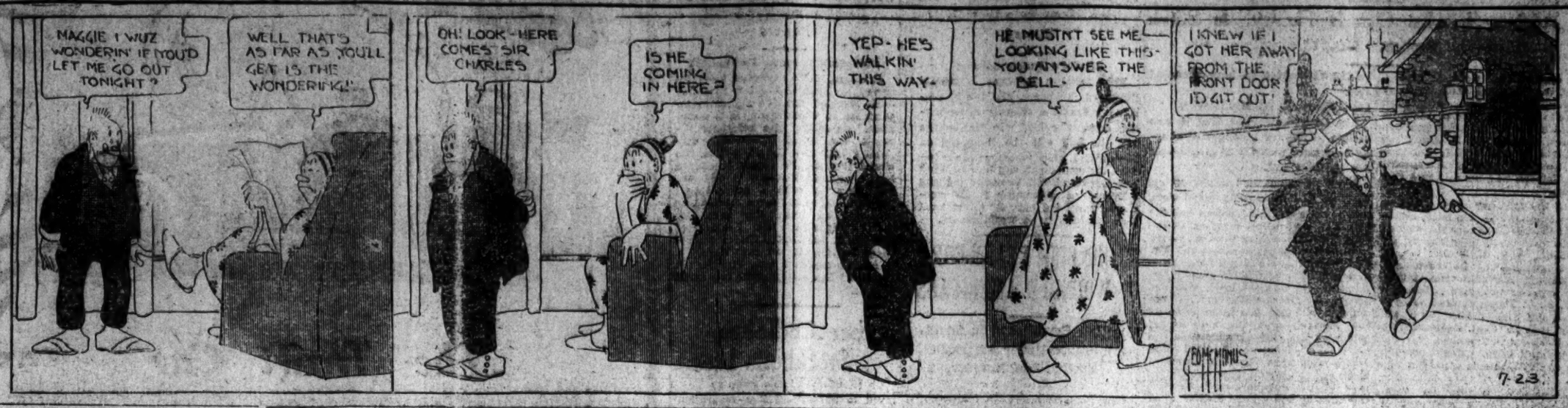
Bringing Up Father

By George McManus


MAGGIE I WUZ WONDERIN' IF YOU'D LET ME GO OUT TONIGHT?
WELL THAT'S AS FAR AS YOU'LL GET IS THE WONDERING!
OH! LOOK-HERE COMES SIR CHARLES
IS HE COMING IN HERE?
YEP-HE'S WALKIN' THIS WAY-
HE MUSTN'T SEE ME LOOKING LIKE THIS-YOU ANSWER THE BELL-
I KNEW IF I GOT HER AWAY FROM THE FRONT DOOR I'D GIT OUT!
GEO MCMANUS
7-23.

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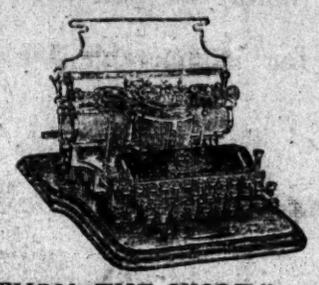

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Karl Rosner, the Kaiser's Boswell.
Bolsheviki idea of peace.
Hindenburg's solemn assurance that "America won't fight."
Hindenburg's dinner dates in Paris.
Von Tirpitz's claim that the U-boat have England on her knees.
Good dinner for $1.
OR
The Kaiser's six sons.

DEFINITION

A husband is a man for whose sake his wife goes away all Summer on a vacation.

Gigantic group picture of the loyal Germans who would rather shake hands with the Kaiser than have a dinner of pigs' knuckles and sauerkraut.

A DEAR LITTLE WISH

Here's hoping that every Boche has to wear his spiked helmet wrong side out.

ISN'T THIS FOOLISH?

"How much is tenderloin steak?"
"Twenty cents a pound."
"I'll take two pounds."
"I haven't got any."
"Then I'll call tomorrow when you have some."
"It will be forty-five cents then."

Were it not
For this sweet verse,
There'd be a joke here
Ten times worse.

LIVES OF——

Lives of farmerettes remind us
That far gone's that ancient day
When a fuzzy caterpillar

Made a woman faint away.
Lives of pacifists remind us
That the rabbit never fights,
And consequently makes a dinner
For a fox in just two bites.

DOGGONE FOOLISH WHEEZE

There has been a slight epidemic of mad dogs in Newark, N. J., and vicinity. The police have been shooting quite a lot of them and turning the carcasses over to the rendering plants, where they were fried out and the fats extracted for making vaseline for ammunition purposes.

Thus the patriotic doggies, after doing their bite, do their bit.

AN EPIC

As to the German Emperor
(Some rudely call him "Bill"),
Why, I surmise that when he dies
He'll never have a chill!

THINGS WE HAVE TO TAKE FOR GRANTED

That Browning wrote poetry.
That Nero could play a fiddle.
That Don Quixote is better in the original Spanish.
That Shakespeare wrote Shakespeare's plays.
That there is chicken in hotel chicken soup.
That Napoleon invented a musical comedy hat.
That the Duke of Wellington invented melodramatic boots.
That it was a serpent who tempted Eve.

PASSING BY AND ON

I was walking past an exclusive apartment hotel, my head lowered against the wind which swept around the corner. All at once something dropped lightly upon the brim of my hat and then fell to the pavement.

I turned and saw that it was the scooped-out half of an orange. Almost at the same instant a shoebox flashed by me and fell at my feet. It contained orange peel, egg shells, coffee grounds and other remnants from the kitchen.

Evidently it had been reposing on a window ledge, high up in the apartment, and the wind had dislodged it.

Supposing the shoe box and not merely the half orange had struck me. Suppose it had attained death-dealing velocity in its descent. I shivered at the thought.

What an ignoble accidental death that would be. I could fairly see the headlines in the paper the next morning: "Killed by Garbage."

FRENCH AT A GLANCE

Chef d'Hoover—Something to eat but not very much.
Bourgeoisie—People who get their coal by the pint and sugar by the pinch.
Chevalier d'industrie—Man who starts with one pin and soon owns a steel corporation.
Hors de combat—Wartime beef.
Maitre d'hotel—The boy who hands you the bad news on the restaurant check.
Noblesse oblige—The higher they are the harder they fall.
Nom de plume—A pen name, like Sing Sing.
Pate de foie gras—Clean out the kitchen.
La follette—The small fool.
Ruse de guerre—A stratagem of war, such as joining the army to get away from wife's relatives.
Toot-and-scramble—All in a bunch, like the crowd on the 5:15 suburban.
Vermisseau—A worm, see ult consumer.

U. S. ARITHMETIC

Take one American SHELL;
Multiply it by 1,000,000;
Take away the "S";
Divide the result among the Huns.

black on comrades of the racing track. Though Uncle Jack is forty-five, he swears he's very much alive and he is training now to go across the sea and swat the foe.

And so all up and down the line the bonfires of dear Freedom shine! To one and all, to great and small, has come the sound of Duty's call. Yankees, out to smite the Hun! One for all and all for one! Yankees, quick to feel and see the torch that blazed for Grant and Lee! Yankees, guarding in one flock their Rock of Ages, Plymouth Rock!

Not vainly have these spirits burned. Already war's red tide has turned! The Kaiser and the Kaiser's backers who thought the Yanks a race of slackers, are feeling now the bitter bites of Freedom's sword when Freedom smites!

Heads up, eyes front, all pulses steady, our boys have made their mark already. The Teutons with their vaunted might are learning now how Freemen fight.

Sprucing up, one and all!
Yanks are springing to the call!
Answering the bugle's blare
Here and there and everywhere!
Hear the ringing battle cry
That will never, never die:
"Love and Light and Liberty!"

FIGHTING FRANCE

Fighting France. By Stephane Lauzanne. Introduction by James M. Beck. New York: D. Appleton & Co. $1.50 (gold).

The steady white flame that is France in these days of war shines through and through the pages of M. Lauzanne's explanation of why France is fighting and what she is fighting for. And if any German statesman yearns to find out the war aims of the Allies all he needs to do is to read "Fighting France." For what France is fighting for that also, in full measure, is what Belgium and Britain and Italy and America are fighting for, and all the rest of the many nations joined with them, and will fight for until it is won. Without heat or passion, other than that indignation and horror which all just men feel, with calm steadfastness and dignity he sets forth the matter, and it will be good and illuminating for all Americans, no matter how much they may know about the subject already, to read his exposition.

M. Lauzanne is well known to the people of this country as a member of the French War Mission to the United States. Since 1901 he had been editor in chief of the famous French journal, Le Matin, but on the breaking out of the war he went at once to the front as a Lieutenant in the Territorial Infantry. After two years, part of which was spent in the defense of Verdun, he was sent by the French Foreign Office on a mission to Switzerland and two years ago he came to the United States as head of the "Official Bureau of French Information."

There are in his book many graphic pictures of his own observations and experiences, many extracts from official reports, authoritative accounts and quoted personal narratives that, altogether, build up a vivid picture of the reasons France has for fighting to the death and of the heroism and efficiency with which she is discharging her task. Of especial interest is the chapter that takes up the statement, so often repeated, parrot-like, that "France is bled white." For he shows that France is not "bled white," but, far from it, is fighting now with an army almost twice as large as that with which she met invasion, with an immensely greater supply of munitions and armament of every sort, with more efficiency and with a spirit just as indomitable. Especially illuminative and deserving of the widest reading, because of the general lack of informed opinion in America upon the subject, is the clear setting forth of the fact that history, justice, and right all demand the restoration of Alsace-Lorraine to France. There is no gainsaying the arguments and the facts that he brings together. His eloquent and appealing book would deserve general attention from American readers for this feature alone, even if it did not—which it does—because of the great amount of interesting and important matter with which it is filled.

Didn't Understand His Business

He emerged from the dining room window and slunk over to where his pal was waiting in the shadows. "Got her jewelry?" asked the waiting one. "No," return the other. "Couldn't find it nowhere." "Where did you look for it?" "In her jewel case and in every drawer in the bureau." "Did you look to see if she was wearin' 'em?" "Yes. But she didn't got em on. I'll swear to that." "Lord, man, you don't know nothing about the ways of women. Why didn't you go into the bathroom? You'd have found the whole bloomin' lot where she left them on the wash basin."—*Buffalo Commercial.*

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Song Of Sprucing Up By W.F. Kirk

We do not see the slackness of the other peaceful days, when with patter and with chatter thousands walked in peaceful ways.

No more we see the gay young man go to spend his evenings at the tango. He's practicing a war-like dance to use when he has gone to France.

No more the idle little girl is noticed in the city's whirl. Along the rugged road she tramps, at Red Cross work or selling stamps.

We do not see the matrons fair holding receptions here and there. For even in our social life each maiden fair and loyal wife is planning how to do her share to aid the warriors Over There.

And little Bob and little Bill have felt the warlike urge and thrill. They heed their mother's soft commands. They wash their faces and their hands. They run the errands, bring the wood and mind as all good soldiers should. And every where we note the vim of small Boy Scouts alert and trim.

Even old Father, bless his heart? is eager now to do his part. About the house he seems to wear an old-time military air, and in his eyes we note the blaze—the battle light of vanished days!

Aunt Mary does not gossip now. We think she has forgotten how. She sits and knits warm socks and mitts, seizing Time's forelock while Time flits. She sits and knits and dreams of one who grandly fell, his duty done—who grandly fell long years ago, his eager face turned to the foe.

Old Uncle Jack has turned his

Nielsen Case Concluded; Expect Judgment Today

Suit Against Shanghai Club Is Finished In British Supreme Court

The case of Mr. Gordius Nielsen against the Shanghai Club whereby the plaintiff claims for a declaration that he is still a member of the Club and entitled to all its privileges was concluded before Sir Havilland de Sausmarez in the British Supreme Court yesterday and it is expected that judgment will be delivered this morning.

When the morning session opened yesterday Mr. C. W. Marshall, secretary of the Club, resumed the witness box and after a few questions by Mr. D. McNeill, who, with Mr. G. H. Wright, appeared for the defendants, went through his cross-examination.

The cross-examination, conducted by Mr. N. C. Home, counsel for the plaintiff, and dealt chiefly with the inquiry sent to Capt. Jorgensen, to the sending out of notices for the meetings and to the general meeting at which Mr. Nielsen's expulsion was voted.

As regards the inquiry to Capt. Jorgensen the witness said that it was made following Mr. Ross having called attention to Capt. Jorgensen's presence in the club and was a bona fide request for information as to who had been his host.

The case for the defendants concluded with testimony by the club's hall porter and shroff regarding the sending out of letters, notices and the like.

Mr. McNeill Sums Up

In summing up, Mr. McNeill referred briefly to the confirmatory meeting, regarding which the plaintiff had testified that he went there for the purpose of protesting against his not having been allowed to have counsel, and not for the purpose of reversing the decision of the former meeting.

As to the suggestion that the figures—regarding the number of members who voted at the meeting of June 17, compared with the list of members who signed their names—not being reliable as evidence that the rule had been complied with, there was nothing whatever, counsel submitted, to throw doubt on the statement of the secretary. It would obviously have been necessary for about two hundred members to have entered the room without signing in order to make any difference in the result.

The members must have known what the meeting was about, continued Mr. McNeill, as the chairman informed them in his opening speech and in addition to that the correspondence was in the secretary's office from the 5th or 6th of June until the 17th, and probably was seen by a very large number of members.

Of course it was impossible to establish that notice of the meeting was received by the plaintiff. The latter said he had heard nothing about the meeting until June 13, although he was in the club for three-quarters of an hour on June 8, after the notice had been posted on the club notice board, and he actually signed a chit for stamps on June 12—one day before he admitted that he knew anything about the meeting.

Mr. McNeill went on to state that the evidence of Mr. Marshall and the Chinese employes of the club showed the steps that had been taken to place the notice addressed to the plaintiff in the rack and said there was no evidence to show that it had not been withdrawn from the rack by the plaintiff.

The action of the committee had been criticised but counsel repeated what he had said in opening, that their action in forming an opinion was not judicial, or quasi-judicial.

Counsel cited cases by way of contrast with the present case in which the action of the committee or general meetings of clubs had been held to be improper; he also referred at some length to two cases in which the court had entirely approved of the expulsion of a member.

Mr. Home's Case For Plaintiff

For the plaintiff Mr. Home argued at length concerning the point raised regarding the qualification to vote of members whose subscriptions were unpaid at the time of the general meeting. He then dealt with the committee and general meeting of the Club. It was clear, he submitted, that at some stage in the proceedings the accused party must be dealt with judicially, either at the committee meeting or at the meeting of members. If it should have been at the committee meeting it was clear that it was not so treated there, or if so, it was treated badly. Counsel submitted that the decision of whether a member was longer fit to continue associating with other members was not at the discretion of the committee. When the committee had to decide whether a proposed member should be admitted that was discretionary.

Mr. Home argued that it was properly the duty of the committee before arriving at an opinion to give the accused some opportunity to defend himself. He would have been much more able to do so before a committee gathering than before an assemblage of the large membership of the Club. He might well have been induced to apologise in the committee-room when, in the natural excitement, he might not before the general meeting. Mr. Home said that following the committee meeting it was not clear to Mr. Nielsen for what cause he was being put on trial and he wrote twice asking particulars and did not get them. The committee's letter of June 4 contained the words "language and conduct" and counsel submitted that "conduct" might have referred to refusal to apologise or giving publicity to the "camel driver" letter, or something else of which the plaintiff had a right to have particulars. It would have only been kind and charitable of the committee to have accorded this.

Court Remarks On Mr. Nielsen

The Court remarked that it was useless to talk of kindness or charity to a man who wrote in the way the plaintiff had.

Mr. Home went on to lay stress on the fact that no special steps were taken to see that Mr. Nielsen had his notice of the general meeting. Counsel declared that the Club members had not had adequate notice and Mr. Nielsen had not had adequate time in which to prepare his case. The notice itself, he submitted, was not adequate information to its recipients of what was to be done at the meeting and the number of copies of the correspondence in the secretary's office was limited. The Judge remarked that in his mind there was no doubt that the major part of the members who attended the meeting had a good idea of what it was about and a large number had an accurate idea of it.

At any rate, Mr. Home continued, the members did not realise that they were there in a judicial or quasi-judicial capacity. In support of this he read from the minutes of the meeting the chairman's putting of the resolution to expel Mr. Nielsen, which was followed by "loud applause." He asked if any proceedings could start less judicially and contended that throughout the meeting the members showed that they did not realise they were acting in a judicial capacity. They took it as an established fact that the plaintiff had been found guilty and they were simply there to say what punishment was to be meted out.

"The main matter after all," Mr. Home said, "is the question of justice. It was not a question of whether he was a person who properly should be expelled or not, but in this matter has he had an adequate degree of justice to satisfy the ordinary man that he was fairly and properly treated? I submit not."

Counsel summed up the points he had made in support of this and laid stress on the contention that the plaintiff had not had opportunity to state his case fully at the expulsory meeting.

Mr. Nielsen Insulting

Sir Havilland said he could not imagine any argument the plaintiff could have advanced at the meeting which would have caused the members to deal more leniently with him—all he could do was apologise.

"But a man is entitled to present his case, good or bad," contended Mr. Home.

"But he doesn't say that he had any other defense," said the Court. "I was at some pains to find out what he had in mind and could only ascertain two arguments—first that the letter was irrelevant, the other that the conduct of the committee should be investigated. I don't think the letter was irrelevant and I think the action of the committee was."

Mr. Home submitted that the plaintiff must naturally have been very much worked up owing to the rapidity of the meeting.

The Court said that this was all very well but the man had continued his conduct and had come into Court and said most insulting things, had not shown anything new in the way of conduct and had given evidence of trying to make matters as unpleasant as possible for the Club.

Mr. Home then concluded and the court rose.

1,000 Norwegians Victims Of U-Boats

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Christiania, October 8.—It is announced that 1,008 Norwegian sailors have been killed up to the present by German submarines.

KAWASAKI YARD TO BUILD STEAMER IN 25 DAYS

If Program Is Carried Out Will Constitute World's Record

Reuter's Pacific Service

Kobe, October 11.—The Kawasaki Dockyard announces that it will construct a 9,000-ton steamer in twenty-five days. The keel was laid on the 7th, the hull will be launched on November 1, after which within seven days the equipment will be completed and the vessel will be completed and delivered on November 9. If successfully carried out it is claimed that this will be a world record.

30,000 BEDS READY FOR WOUNDED AMERICANS

Hospitals Established In Southern France Under American Doctors And Nurses

(American Wireless To Reuter)

London, October 10.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Thirty thousand beds are ready for American wounded in the new hospitals established in Southern France under Commander Major W. H. Horne of Detroit. Hospital units composed of American physicians and nurses have been sent to Nice and other cities along the river where hospitals are located.

MR. N. E. LURTON NAMED MARSHAL OF U. S. COURT

Former Secretary To Mr. Sague Appointed To Succeed Late Mr. Paul McRae

Mr. Nelson E. Lurton has been appointed Marshal of the United States Court for China, succeeding the late Mr. Paul McRae, according to cabled word received at the Court from the Department of State at Washington.

Mr. Lurton, who was secretary to Mr. J. K. Sague, of the Customs Revision Commission, will take office at once.

VIENNA TRAMWAYS STOPPED BY STRIKE

Employes Demand Increase Of Wages And Special War Allowance

(French Wireless)

Lyons direct, October 10.—A message from Basle states that a great part of the tramway employes in Vienna have gone out on strike. They are claiming an increase of wages and a special allowance to meet the high cost of living.

NEW GERMAN MINISTER IN WAR DEPARTMENT

Major-General Von Scheuch Appointed To Succeed Von Stein

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, October 9.—An official communique issued in Berlin states that the resignation of the Minister of War, General von Stein, has been accepted and Major-General von Scheuch has been appointed his successor.

CHILE EAGER TO JOIN LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Ambassador Says It Would Be Best Fortune For Small Powers

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Santiago, Chile, October 9.—(Received at French Wireless Station.)—Sr. Mathieu, the new Chilean Ambassador to Washington, in a statement regarding the relations between the South American Republics and the United States, declared that all the republics should have worked together from the beginning as such a group would have been a moral force demanding consideration from the first. He said: "Regarding the League of Nations, if the United States undertakes forming it, we may accept it as an accomplished fact. The League would be the best fortune for small nations."

Kaiser Abdicates, Stockholm Hears

(Continued from Page 1)

given to understand that reparation will be exacted to the uttermost farthing whatever the German Government of the day, whether repentant or unrepentant.

The Morning Post says that the Allied armies should visit every part of Germany after peace and teach the Germans the meaning of defeat.

The Daily Mail demands a warning by the Allies that for each wasted town belonging to the Allies a German town shall be destroyed or expropriated.

U. S. Preparations Go On Despite Talk Of Peace

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Chicago, October 10.—(Received at French Wireless Station).—Congressman Julius Kahn ranking Republican member of the House Military Committee, in a speech here said: "The German peace talk will not be allowed to interfere with our military program. To the three million men under arms, two million more will be added by March 31 and by July 1, 1919, four million American troops will be in France. Unless Germany surrenders, American soldiers will overrun German soil before September of next year."

Washington, October 9.—The American Federation of Labor has issued a statement urging the ignoring of the overtures made by the enemy "until the road to Berlin has been cleared."

The Thrift Car

The exceptional value of the famous Overland is further emphasized by present-day thrift demands.

It has the beauty accommodations and livability that meet the demands of the family as well as — the constancy and economy for innumerable business needs.

Get demonstrations of cars in stock

The Central Garage

2a Jinkee Road *'Phone 3809*

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

(MALTED BARLEY, WHEAT, AND PURE FULL-CREAM MILK).

The Food Drink with all the Virtues.

1. Generates forces and sustains it.
2. Gives strength and maintains it.
3. Easily digested and completely absorbed
4. Delicious and refreshing.
5. Ready in a moment.
6. Suits all ages and conditions.
7. Keeps in all climates.

Supplied by all Chemists and Stores.

Also available in Tablet form to be dissolved in the mouth.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS., ENG.

Cover it with **Certain-teed** Roofing

LAOU KIU CHWANG

P. 128 Nanking Rd. -:- Founded in 1857

The Leading Silk Emporium in the Orient

Let us have the pleasure of supplying all your wants in

SILKS, SATINS, PONGEES, CREPES, GAUZES AND HAND-MADE LACES

EMBROIDERED ARTICLES:

Real Old and New Honan Embroideries, Soochow Embroideries, Canton Embroideries, Filet, Venise and Crochet, Centre-pieces, Scarves, Doylies, Spreads, Cloths.

Visit our New Department and inspect our stock of HABERDASHERY, HOSIERY, FANCY GOODS, TOILET GOODS, AND ALL KINDS OF FURS on the First Floor

We shall be pleased to supply you with an assortment of patterns of SILKS AND HAND-MADE LACES

Our new Store has now been opened for two weeks

Our Prices are the Lowest in Shanghai

We advise you not to miss your opportunity

LAY DOWN THE PRICE

OR

LAY DOWN YOUR ARMS

AGAINST an enemy who has neither respect for human liberty nor reverence for God, who makes war on defenceless mothers and butchers little children for a German holiday, who strikes down the aged and infirm, the maimed and the sick, who makes a shambles of sleep and a slaughterhouse of prayer, who tramples under-foot the right of nations to live and exalts the harvest of the sword, who plunders in the name of defence and kills in the name of the Divinity, who blasphemes of victory one hour and whines like a cur for peace the next, who dispenses iron crosses for murder on the field of ten million crucifixions and chants a requiem of hate over Freedom's dead—against such an enemy there can be only two alternatives—either we must lay down The Price of Victory or We Must Lay Down Our Arms!

★ ★ ★ ★

Buy the New 4¼ Percent Liberty Bonds

★ ★ ★ ★

This space contributed for the winning of the war by Bank of Canton, Bank of Communications, Banque Belge pour l'Etranger, British-American Tobacco Co., Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, China Mail S.S. Co., Dodge and Seymour (China), Ltd., Edward Evans and Sons, Ltd., Frazar and Co., Garner Quelch and Co., General Electric Co., of China, Ltd., Dr. John Goddard, International Banking Corporation, Mercantile Bank of India, Mitsui Bank, Mustard and Co., Pacific Mail S.S. Co., Shanghai Chemical Laboratory, Shanghai Commercial Bank, Thomas W. Simmons and Co., Sincere Co., Sullivan's Candies and Widler and Co.

Liberty Loan Committee

26 Nanking Road, Shanghai

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, October 11, 1918.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 5/2½ = Tls. 3.84
@ exch. 74.2 = Mex. $5.17

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 124 = Tls. 89.65
@ 74.2 = Mex. $108.69

Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 73.9625
Tael Gold Bars: 978 touch: Tls. 272
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1793
Native Interest ..... Tls. .20

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	49⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
ld. Paris on London	Fr. 26.08
ld. N. Y. on London	T.T. $4.76½

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T. 5/5⅛
London	Demand 5/2⅞
India	T.T. 347
Paris	T.T. 682
Paris	Demand 685
New York	T.T. 124
New York	Demand 124⅛
Hongkong	T.T. 68
Japan	T.T. 43⅛
Batavia	T.T. 265⅛
Singapore	T.T. 45

Banks Buying Rates

London	Demand 5/3⅛
London	4 m/s. Clts. 5/5
London	4 m/s. Docy. 5/5⅛
London	6 m/s. Clts. 5/5⅛
London	6 m/s. Docy. 5/5⅝
Paris	4 m/s. 717
New York	o/d. 125⅛
New York	4 ms. Docy. 128⅛

Roubles Exchange

Today's Bank Buying Rate for Roubles

Roubles 1,340	= Tls. 100
Roubles 100	= Mex. $10.00

Customs House Exchange Rates For October

Hk. Tls. 3.30	@ 5/5½	£1
" 1	@ 712½	Francs 7.94
" 0.69	@ 129½	Gold $1
" 1	@ 42½	Yen 2.64
" 1	@ 15	Rupees 4.55
" 1	@ —	Roubles —
" 1	@ 1.50	Mex. $1.50

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, October 11, 1918.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Anglo-Javas Tls. 7.25
Ayer Tawah Tls. 17.75
Langkats Tls. 17.75
Langkats Tls. 18.00
North China Insurance Tls. 126.50
Padangs Tls. 10.25
Yangtsze Insurance (5 Shares) $195.00
Shanghai Docks Tls. 140.00 Oct.
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 141.00

Unofficial

Ayer Tawah Tls. 18.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 7.25
Langkats Tls. 19.00 December
Tanah Merah Tls. 0.95
Shanghai Docks Tls. 143.00 Dec.

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai, October 11, 1918.

BUSINESS DONE

Unofficial

Tebongs @ Tls. 11.50 cash
Langkats @ Tls. 18.50 December

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Messrs. Hugo Reiss and Co. inform us that the following is a translation of a telegram received from Messrs. Barker and Co., Ltd., London, dated the 7th instant:

Average spot price standard quality Ribbed Smoked Sheet, 2s. 1⅝d.

Average spot price standard quality First Crepe, 2s. 2⅝d.

Ex warehouse Singapore, 1/1 Sheet and Crepe, both of them, poor demand.

"BICKERTON'S"
PRIVATE HOTEL

72, 74 and 76 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by trams. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

OH WE HAD A SWELL TIME - PARKER'S BAND AND SOME EATS - THERE'S A BIG RACKET ON AT THE FIRE HALL SAY BY NIGHT - YA GOIN?
RECEIVING TELLER
I HAD A INVITE TO A BIG MOTOR PARTY THAT NIGHT AND I COULDN'T MAKE THE DANCE
THEY'VE GABBED 20 MINUTES ALREADY
THEY PROBABLY THINK THAT THEY'RE U.S SENATORS
THE BOSS'LL SWEAR THAT I WAS AT THE MOVIES
THAT HUSSY HAS THE GIFT OF GAB - BULL-EYE ME
I SEE BY THE PAPERS THAT IT'S GONNA BE DARK ALL NIGHT
I'M LOSING INTEREST IN MY ACCOUNT BY THIS DELAY
INDOOR SPORTS
TRYING TO DEPOSIT THE ROLL AT 2.30 P.M. WHILE THE TELLER SPILLS SOME DANCE CHATTER WITH A MOLL HE KNOWS FROM HIS NEIGHBORHOOD.

Harry Lauder On His $11,000,000 Trip To America

By Harry Lauder

London, August 20.—Ye mind the tale of the train-jumper who said he was for Frisco if only his trousers held out. Well, when the folks in New York asked me how much ground I was covering, I said: "The continent of North America, if my voice holds out." And it has held out. But my arm's sore with the handshakes.

I think that every male in the United States of over ten must have had a go at my paw. If I'm a bit disjointed the day, you must put it all down to the wedden. There's been a wedden this morn. It's my wife's niece, Mary Kerr Vallance (and a bonny lassie she is). She's married a brave soldier laddie of the name of Hamilton. And a fine name, too.

Well, I'm writing these casual notes in momentary expectation of being called out to form part of a family group in the back garden. Och! There they go. Will you just excuse me for a minute?"

Male Voice: Look pleasant, please.

Lauder: How can I look pleasant with a crick in my——

Click!

"Well, thank goodness, that's over."

It was a wonder my voice held out, for in traveling 33,000 miles I addressed two million people. It seems to me that every British propagandist in America should first undergo voice training on the hills.

Americans In For Keeps

Still, I may mention that when I started out you got the best of everything at the hotels, and only a hyphenated waiter, who has since been interned, seemed to know there was a war on. When I came back six months later I lived on brown bread and attempted thefts of sugar.

In money the results of the campaign were eleven million dollars for the various war loans.

The effects don't end there. The Americans, like the Scots, are as prudent in the cash department as they are reckless in the charge, and, having put their money into the war, they decided it was their war and put themselves in, too—right in. And they're for keeps there.

If you want to find an American who is half-hearted about the war you'll have to look in a museum—or a "Conchie goal."

There aren't many Conchies in America. The nearest bail for the growth. As the American soldiers told me, on board the troopship which brought me home: "Sir, we know that this war is the biggest thing that ever was. Do you think anything else could have pulled us away from Tennessee?"

Of course, when I got there nobody know anything about the war, except what the Germans had told them. That was our policy at the beginning—to keep our mouths shut and let the other fellow talk. It didn't pay.

Talking Them Over

When I began I was almost inclined to feel that I was counsel for the defendant. But that didn't last long. At first there were one or two used to say to me, privately, "Mr. Lauder, the war's thousands of miles away from us. Why is it our concern?" And I'd answer them:

Is Liberty thousands of miles away? If Liberty dies in Paris, will it live in New York? The French came over to help you gain your independence. Won't you help the French to keep theirs?

There's a Statue of Liberty in New York Harbor. If I'm not mistaken the French gave it you. Will you let that statue crumble into the sea?

I hadn't to say that many times. Toward the end, in fact, I had to sprint hard to keep pace with the enthusiasm of my audiences.

You may take it from me, and I know, for I've been all over America that this is the spirit of the States: "This is as much our war as yours. It is more our war than yours, because there is more of us."

Enthusiasm? Why out in the West, rough miners and cowboys have halted me in my tracks, put me on a soap box, and made me deliver an impromptu address right away.

The one terrible disappointment of my tour, in fact, is that I never had a heckler to confute. Believe me, I felt that was unfair on the part of American—and they aren't dumb men there at a public meeting. Only they were anxious to learn, you see, and that makes all the difference.

Message To Homeland

Now I come back to you with a message. It is just this:

Carry on! If we don't beat the Hun, then nothing in this life matters. Don't let war-weariness hide that terrible fact from your soul.

I come from a continent where everybody is working his body out in the great cause. I hope to find the same here. I hope that those who cannot die for Britain will at least live for her.

Does the message sound stale? Does it sound out of date? God forbid that it should be so!

Yes, and I have another message—a message of friendship—signed and sealed, and to endure forever. All the mists of prejudice between us and our cousins have been blown away by the great guns of the war. The mist was the poison gas of German propaganda.

It was the Germans taught the Americans that we were all "Haw, haw, Johnnies." It was the Germans taught us that the Americans were all spread-eagle, cock-a-doodle, get-off-the earth hustlers.

We know better now. And the reception a simple Scottish comedian got from the American people is a sign.

Passengers Arrived

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Tatsu Maru from Japan: Mrs. R. E. Hamlin, Messrs. Wicpid F. Hamlin, S. Iwata and Cael Christian Bojesh.

Per N.S. s.s. Ningsiao from Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Hill, Mrs. Holiday, Mrs. Huff and Mrs. Ginter.

Per C.N. s.s. Luenyi from River Ports: Mrs. McIntosh, Mr. and Mrs. Noclar and 3children, Miss. Mcheish, Mr. Murhpy, Miss Stillwell, Messrs. Elliott, Forty, Wilkins, Hodges, Marshell and 3 children, and Mullen.

Per C.N. s.s. Tamsui from Swatow and Amoy: Mme. F. Well Messrs. Tora Thao and D. Sednuk.

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ninpot Bishop T. L. Nanis.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima Maru from Japan: Mrs. A. Christis, Misses M. and M.L. Bezesen, Capt G. C. Blechen Mrs. S. Sakagami, Mr. and Mrs. R. Kita, Messrs. T. J. Edwafd, H. J. R. Grover, E. Christie, F. Musso, J.H. Pearson, W. A. Stechler, S. J. Hanish, I. Joseph, H R. Stnut and T. Ito.

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.
Inaba Maru ..... Sept. 22

For Liverpool etc.
Arestes ..... Sept. 20

For San Francisco
Tenyo Maru ..... Sept. 13
Colombia ..... Sept. 15
Shinyo Maru ..... Oct. 5

For Seattle
Fushimi Maru ..... Sept. 15
Kashima Maru ..... Sept. 29

For Tacoma
Arabia Maru ..... Sept. 28

For Vancouver
Empress of Japan ..... Sept. 14
Bessie Dollar ..... Sept. 19
Key West ..... Sept. 26

For Naples, etc:
Hwahting ..... Oct. 3

For Port Said:
Canton Maru ..... Oct. 9

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1918

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Ens.
Today							
Swatow and Hongkong		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Shantien	8.00	13.00	..	..	..	8.30
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe	Venezuela	14.30	..	..	..	..	14.00
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe via S. U. A.	Venezuela	..	15.00	..	..	..	14.30
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada Honolulu, U.S. & Europe	do	..	..	14.00	..	..	12.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Yinchow	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow	Tamsui	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Pakhoi and T'sin (Every day T'sin (Daily except Sunday)	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
		..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Ningpo		..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	Montcalm		..	17.00	..	..	12.00
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Kingsing	21.00	..		..	..	21.00
Swatow	Wenchow	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan, Canada, U.S. & Europe	Montcalm	16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Monday, October 14.							
Hongkong		..	17.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
United Kingdom via Suez		..	2.00	..	..	..	..
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S. & Europe via Canada			08.30	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	Wosang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong and Canton	Sinkiang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Wednesday, October 16							
Amoy and Hongkong		..	17.00		..	..	..
Friday, October 18,							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin		..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Nagasaki and Vladivostock		..	16.00	..	..	..	..

B Parcels only.
E Letters and boxes with declared value 7:30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.
C Registration 5 p.m. on Saturday, October 12.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. and 9 p.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and 8.30 p.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 p.m. Registration at 5 p.m. the Russian Post Office.

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew market as compiled on October 8, 1918.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-30
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-18
Cod	"	16-18
Mandarin	"	25-40
Mackerel	"	none
Pomfret	"	25-30
Salmon	"	18-20
Samli	"	none
Solo	"	16-18
Whitebait	"	none
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-2.50
Duck	"	40-50
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	50-$1.00
Hare	"	35-40
Partridge	"	none
Pheasant	"	50-60
Pigeons	"	15-18
Plover	"	none
Quail	"	14-16
Snipe	"	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	35-40
Teal	each	10-12
Wild Duck	"	35-40
Wild Pigeons	"	10-12
Woodcock	"	40-50
Wild Geese	"	none
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	"	2-3
Cauliflower	"	none
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Egg Plant	per lb.	4-5
Green Corn	each	1-2
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	"	2-3
Parsnips	per bunch	2-3
Potatoes	per picul	$1.40-1.60
Peas	per lb.	12-14
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	4-5
Tomatoes	"	5-6
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	4-5
Asparagus	per doz.	none
French Beans	per lb.	5-6
Broad Beans	"	8-10
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	$3.50
Flour Australian	"	$4.10
Flour Shanghai	"	$3.00
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 164 lbs.	$2.65
Bran	"	$1.50
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton Tls.	19.00
Stove Coal	per ton Tls.	21.7172
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.90
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

F. J. W. MELVILLE,
Chief Inspector.

Amusements

ISIS THEATRE
Corner of Jukong and North Szechuen Roads.

SPECIAL PROGRAMME for Saturday and Sunday, 12th and 13th October.

"THE ESCAPE"
In Seven Parts.

One of W. D. Griffith's Greatest Productions.

This Picture Drama, founded on Paul Armstrong's play of that name, is replete with the fascinating realism and thrill so long absent from Filmdom.

Showing the escape of a woman from poverty and degradation, sin, suffering and sorrow to a better life.

A tragedy of slumdom from which one wiser than the rest escapes in time and becomes happy.

Perfect Photography and Fine Sceneries

USUAL PRICES.
Dress Circle: 40 cents.
Box Seats, 50 cents.

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE
FUN WEEK FUN WEEK
TONIGHT
Oodles of Joy — Piles of Fun
with
MAX LINDER
in
"Max Comes Across" "Max Wants a Divorce"
FATTY ARBUCKLE and MABEL NORMAND
in
"Fatty and Mabel Adrift"
Their richest and funniest picture yet.
IF YOU WANT
Comedy of the rip-roaring, side-splitting, ten-laughs-a-minute variety
BOOK UP TONIGHT
We shall also screen
Pathe's British-American Gazettes
Time and Prices as usual
MATINEE, SUNDAY, 3 p.m.
"The House of Hate"
Episode 5. "Spies Within"
Episode 6. "A Living Target"

SPECIAL
Charlie Chaplin

PROGRAMME
To be Presented
At the Olympic Theatre
FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY
Saturday and Sunday, October 12th and 13th and Matinee on Sunday at 3.15 p.m.
POPULAR CINEMA PRICES

VICTORIA THEATRE
PRESENTS
FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY
October 12th and 13th and Matinee on Sunday at 3.15 p.m.
The Magnificent Spectacular Masterpiece
"MOTHER OF LIBERTY"
On Monday, October 14th
FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY
All-Comedy Programme
with
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
POPULAR CINEMA PRICES

GRAND OPENING
THE PALERMO
Tonight, 12th October, 1918
A GRAND MASQUERADE BALL
Mr. and Mrs. Smith Belle Jackson, well-known entertainers, will sing the latest Ragtime songs and dances
P. S.—All the door proceeds will be given to Allied War Fund.

CHINESE AND FOREIGN BANKING ANNOUNCEMENTS

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 10,500,000
$25,500,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

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London Bankers:
London County and Westminister Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorized Capital ...	$40,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	12,279,200.00
Reserve Fund	$1,295,552.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,295,933.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dairy	Hangchow	Nanchang
Mukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Haichow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Account at 2 per cent. per annum, on Dollar Current Account at 1 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 1st August, 1918.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital .... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt.) and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT
Governor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	28,980,000
	Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ...	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpment de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Harbin	Peking
Chanchun	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Newchwang	Tientsin
Dalren	Nicolayowsk	Vladivostock
Hailan	O/Amur	Yokohama
Hankow		

81 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for China, Japan and India.

THE EXCHANGE BANK OF CHINA

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000
Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description Transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a Specialty. We issue Demand Draft, T/T, Letters of Credit Buying and Selling Specie, Etc., Etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills Discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

YOA YU,
Manager.

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH
N. 1 Kiukiang Road.

Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA

Branches:
Important places in Japan
London, New York, San Francisco Seattle, Honolulu, Bombay and Hankow.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA,
Manager.

Telephones:—
Central 2318 Manager.
Central 2350 General Office.
Central 2356 General Office.
Central 4869 Compradore.
Central 4631 Night only.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama, Japan.

Capital Subscribed ...	Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up	Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 24,300,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminister and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Buenos Ayres	London	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Dairy	Mukden	Singapore
Hankow	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Harbin	Newchwang	Sydney
Hongkong	New York	Tientsin
Honolulu	Osaka	Tokio
Kaiyuen	Peking	Tsinanfu
Kobe	Rangoon	Tsingtau

SHANGHAI BRNANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars acording to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 11,595,461, (about £966,288)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Padang	Soerakarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tebing-Tinggi
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tegal
Djember	Penang	Telok-Betong
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Tjilatjap
Hongkong	Rangoon	Weltevreden
Kota-Radja	Semarang	
Langsa	Singapore	
Makassar	Soerabaya	
Medan		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tales and dollars.

Shanghai Interest allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

R. G. J. WYNBERG,
Manager.

BRITISH ELECTION HINGES ON PREMIER

Lloyd George, Without Party Backing, To Face A Variety Of Opposition

WILSON VIEW TO BE CITED

War Debate To Turn Partly On President's Attitude—Women An Unknown Factor

By Frank Dilnot
(*New York Times*)

The most dramatic general election Britain has known since the passing of the Reform Bill nearly ninety years ago is forecast for the coming Fall or early Winter. It will be dramatic because the fortunes of the world are largely involved in it, because of the vast uncertainty which is the accompaniment of votes for women, and because for the first time in history the permeating influence of another country, namely, America, will be felt throughout the length and breadth of the land.

Owing to the war the existence of the British House of Commons has been prolonged far beyond its statutory limit of five years, and those who urge an early election say that it is necessary to get fresh blood from the country with a new, revived spirit in the House of Commons in view of the heavy demands in virility, outlook, and judgment, required by the crucial period of the war. On the other hand, there are opponents of a general election, who say that it must invitably be a war election, verging into a jingo election, in which all who do not see eye to eye with the existing Government will be branded as pacifists or worse. They say it will be a Lloyd George election and that legitimate currents of thought and criticisms will be stopped by the belligerent campaign with which he will sweep the country.

A peculiar situation exists in the Government, which, led by Lloyd George, a radical fighter, is composed chiefly of Conservatives, with a strong leavening of labor men. Out of the Government are many of the old Conservative leaders, such as Lord Lansdowne; also the bulk of the official Liberals led by Mr. Asquith, a little group of Socialist pacifists, and also Mr. Arthur Henderson, a trade union leader, who, while strongly for the war, has shown tendencies toward a discussion of peace condition which are regarded by some of his collengues as useless, if not dangerous, at the present moment.

Each and all of these groups will be in some way critical of Lloyd George, some of them believing that they could conduct the war better than he can. Lloyd George, without any party behind him, but with the genius of his personality in place of it, has a tremendous hold on the country in general.

Here let it be said that whatever the cross-currents and contending sections in British politics, there is no group worth considering in numbers which wants a peace short of complete victory over Germany. There are scattered individuals, as there have been from the start, with pacifist tendencies, but it would probably be an overestimate to say that there are 50,000 people out of a 45,000,000 population who would agree to or desire any kind of arrangement with Germany which would leave her anything but a decisively defeated nation.

At the same time one has to reckon with the fact that the enthusiasts following the banner of Mr. Lloyd George will with deep conviction and the utmost genuineness condemn all who are not wholeheartedly in his support as being pacifists, without going any further. It can be seen that the welter of opinion, personal and political, makes the outcome somewhat of a riddle.

The Prime Minister is a great fighter, but he will have to encounter many difficulties. It is a trait of the British people that while doggedly united among themselves against outsiders they watch with a stern and critical eye those whom they place in authority over their destinies.

There is undoubtedly a bitter spirit among sections of the labor community against Mr. Lloyd George on various grounds, one of them being his iron handed treatment of various matters connected with war industry. Despite the fact that he has in his Ministry strong and level-headed leaders like Mr. Clynes, the defection of Mr. Henderson must not be disregarded. Mr. Henderson is a dour north countryman, a puritan in character and obstinacy, and one, moreover, who by his past record of trade union leadership with its mixture of tenacity and moderation, appeals tremendously to a British workingman.

Moreover, however he may be criticised for his policy his patriotism is beyond doubt. His three sons enlisted in the army at the very outset of the war. One of them, Captain David Henderson, a gallant, dashing youth, was shot dead while leading his men in an attack, and his second son, Willie Henderson, was wounded in the trenches in the very early stages of the war. It is the known patriotism of Mr. Henderson which will lend him some strength in the coming election if and when he makes criticisms against the Government.

To these considerations must be added the factor of the new woman vote. The male electorate in 1915 was 8,350,000. The woman voters will number at least 6,000,000. The figures themselves have significance.

Even more important is the question of how this new class of voters will choose their party or their section at the polls. Undoubtedly a great number of them will vote as their men-folk at home vote, but there will be vast numbers who will exercise an independent judgment. The labor movement which has always kept women suffrage to the front in its program, may likely enough carry a tremendous amount of these women votes. This section will be split in the various camps of the labor leaders.

Mr. Lloyd George's recently well-deserved tribute to the women, with their widespread and historic efforts for the war, indicated the general feeling, but among the women, too, there will be great numbers of stay-at-homes, wives, and mothers in addition to those engaged in non-war occupations and all these have to be taken into account. What are they all going to do? How are they going to divide themselves? Will the great majority of them support Mr. Lloyd George and his Ministry? Such are the questions which force themselves upon those who watch British affairs.

There is still another consideration which has never before entered in the field of British politics. America's intervention in the war, her colossal efforts, the success with which she has flung huge armies across the Atlantic in the fight for freedom, the inspiring utterances of President Wilson, all these things have stirred the stolid British nation to its depths. To phrase the matter colloquially, pro-Americanism is rampant. A man who insulted the American flag in London would be as likely to be lynched as in Manhattan.

It is an extraordinary state of affairs such as sometimes sets adrift all the calculations of statesmen. It is impossible to avoid the conclusion that the position of America will play a great part in the coming British election.

A story shows which way the wind blows. Recently there was a by-election, at which a candidate, (subsequently triumphantly elected) after a preliminary sentence or two, occupied the whole of his election address with messages from President Wilson's speeches and announced that they comprised his policy with regard to the war. The attitude of America will certainly be brought into the contest. I should not be surprised to see nearly every section trying to make ground by reason of this policy or that policy from the United States.

There will undoubtedly be varying interpretations of President Wilson's announcements. The labor movement as a whole is enthusiastic for his policy, and there have been indications here and there of an attempt to set up portions of it as more worthy of following than the policy of Mr. Lloyd George. Some radicals may take this attitude also, and possibly even some Conservatives. On the other hand, Mr. Lloyd George's champions will see in the President's words an indorsement of all that Mr. Lloyd George stands for and is battling for.

What the outcome may be no man can say except this, and it may be said with the utmost assurance, that the vote of Britain, male and female, among whatever groups of politicans it may be divided, will be unswervingly and passionately for the victory without which the blood sacrifices of the British people will have been of naught.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunnanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana
Credito Italiano

Tacls, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION,
Manager.
1 French Bund, Shanghai.

中華匯業銀行 CHUNG FOO UNION BANK

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.

Head office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Tsinkiangpu	

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London, International Banking Corporation.
New York, International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco, International Banking Corporation.
Tokio, Bank of Chosen.
Kobe, Bank of Chosen.
Osaka, Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama, Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S.441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAH, Sub-Manager.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.
Tel. Central 1929 Manager's Office.

Passengers Departed

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima Maru for Japan: Mrs. J. B. Adams, Mrs. and Mrs. H. G. Cooper, Messrs. F. W. Foster, R.W. Sakimer, M. Matsubara, J. Takaiwa Guignared, Pomignor, K. Yamamoto, C. Suzuki, M. Maruya and H. Yokotake.

Bright Lights! **Follow the Crowds** Bright Music!

TO

The Eldorado

"The Home of Refined Dancing"

Prof. Martinez Orchestra

First-Class Floor! **Everything No. 1** First-Class Service!

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ...	$560 B.
Chartered	$71
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$280 Sa.
North China	Tls. 127½
Union of Canton	$850
Yangtsze	$190 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co. Ltd.	Tls. 26½ B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$150 B.
Hongkong Fire	$330 Sa.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def ...	Tls. 146
Indo-China Pref ..	
"Shell"	110/- B.
Shanghai Tug (o) ..	Tls. 35½ B.
Shanghai Tug (f) ..	Tls. 37
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9½ B.
Oriental Cons	27s. 6d.
Philippine	Tls. 0.80
Raub	$2.40 Sa.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$155½ B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 142 S.
New Eng. Works ..	Tls. 25½
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ...	Tls. 100 B.
Hongkong Wharf ...	$97 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 72 B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 65 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$15 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 200
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 125 B.
Oriental	Tls. 62 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 146
Kungyik	Tls. 10 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 9
Yangtszepoo Pref ..	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$83 B.
Green Island	$8.35 B.
Langkats	Tls. 17½ B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra ..	Tls. 100
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$13 B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$90 B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5½ B.
Weeks	$13½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7½ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.25 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3.80 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 17 B.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 0.75 B.
Bukit Toh Alang ...	Tls. 2 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.75 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.90 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7 B.
Cheng	Tls. 1½ B.
Consolidated	Tls. 2 B.
Dominion	Tls. 9½ B.
Gula Kalampong ...	Tls. 5 B.
Java Consolidated ...	Tls. 12 B.
Kamunting	Tls. 3½ B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.30 B.
Kapayang	Tls. 20 S.
Karan	Tls. 8 B.
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 4½ B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 11 B.
Padang	Tls. 10 B.
Pengkalan Durian ...	Tls. 4 B.
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.80 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 0.70 B.
Seekee	Tls. 6
Semambu	Tls. 0.85 B.
Senawang	Tls 7½ B.
Shanghai Klebang ..	Tls. 0.65 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 5½ B.
S'hai Malay pref ...	Tls. 8 B.
Shanghai Pahang ...	Tls. 0.75 B.
Sungala	Tls. 0.50 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 7½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 4 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.55 B.
Shanghai Seremban ..	Tls. 0.60 B.
Taiping	Tls. 4 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.92½ B.
Tebong	Tls. 14 B.
Ulubri	Tls. 0.60 B.
Ziangbe	Tls. 4.60 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber	Tls. 250 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 9 B.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2
Shanghai Trams ...	Tls. 36 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 34 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 32
Shanghai Mercury ..	Tls. 30
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 83
S'hai Waterworks ..	Tls. 165 B.

S., Sellers. Sa., Sales. B., Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 396
Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE
For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Saishu M., Oct. 14
For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela... Oct. 12
Per C.P.R. s.s. Montcalm, Oct. 13
MAILS DUE.
From U.S. and Canada:
Per O.S.K. s.s. Chicago M., Oct. 14
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru Oct. 15

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
—	Manila	Siangtan Dollar	Br.	R.D. Co.
—	Vancouver	Manchuria Dollar	Br.	R.D. Co.
—	Vancouver	Montcalm	Br.	C.P.R.
11	Victoria	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
11	San Francisco	Nanshan	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
12	Victoria and Seattle	Asama Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
23	Victoria and Seattle	Manila Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
23	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
23	San Francisco	Katori Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
8	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
15	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
14	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
29	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Date	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
12	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takasima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
15	Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
15	Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	Seiyu Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
16	Moji, Kobe and Osaka	Owa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
17	Moji, Kobe, Tsuda	Chiyo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
19	Nagasaki	Shinyei	Kor.	K.Y.K.
19	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumana Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
24	Moji, Kobe & Tsuna	Taisyaku Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Date	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
—	For Saigon	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	Marseilles etc.	Kitano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	London etc.	Ayo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
—	Marseilles etc.	Tatsuta Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Date		Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Oct.	5	Hongkong and Manila	Volunteer	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Oct.	12	Kiukiang	Kiangkwan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	12	Foochow	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	12	Foochow & Hongkong	Kingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	12	Foochow	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	12	4.00 Ningpo	Hsin Pekking	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	12	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningpo	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Oct.	12	Hongkong	Chinwo Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Oct.	12	Hongkong and Canton	Shikuang	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	17	Amoy, Swatow & Ports	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	—	Hongkong and Manila	Siberia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Date		Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Oct.	12	Chefoo & Tsiu	Yu Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Oct.	13	Chefoo & Tsiu	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	13	Newchwang	Fuhsing	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	14	Chefoo & Tsiu	Shinyei Maru	Jap.	K.Y.K.
Oct.	14	Chefoo & Tsiu	Fukushu	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	14	Newchwang	Hankow	Mus.	R.V.F.
Oct.	15	Dairen	Pechino	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	15	Chefoo and Dairen	Musa Maru	Jap.	K.M.K.
Oct.	17	Dairen and Darien	Dairen Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Date		Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Oct.	12	Kiukiang	Pyeung	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	12	Kiukiang	Shanghai Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	12	Kiukiang	Hsingking	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	12	Kiukiang	Kiangtung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	12	Ichang	Ichang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct.	12	Ichang	Tatsuno Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	12	Ichang	Ichang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct.	12	Ichang	Hupeh	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	12	Ichang	Ningpo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	12	Ichang	Ningtuh	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	12	Ichang	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	12	Ichang	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.

A.M.—MEXICAN. D.L.—DANISH.

Arrivals

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Oct.	11	Swatow	Hsin Pekking	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	11	Amoy	Hsin Ningpo	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Oct.	11	Kiukiang	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	11	Kiukiang	Tatsuta	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	11	Kiukiang	Tatsing	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	11	Chefoo	Ningpo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct.	11	Chefoo	Tatsuta Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct.	11	Hankow	Shanghai	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	11	Hankow	Nanyang	Jap.	N.K.K.
Oct.	11	Hankow	Tsinling Maru	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.

Departures

Date		For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Oct.	11	Kiukiang	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct.	11	Moji, Kobe and Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Oct.	11	Moji, Kobe and Dairen	Kenkoku Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Oct.	11	H.K., Kiukiang, etc.	Loongsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Oct.	11	H.K., Kiukiang, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	11	Ningpo	HMS. Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Oct.	11	Ningpo	Hsin Ningpo	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Pekin, Captain [illegible] will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, October 12, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 491.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s str. Tatsing Maru, Captain H. Yamada, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Pootung Wharf on Monday, October 14, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nissin Kisen Kaisha No. 5 The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Kweilin, tons 2,348 Captain Jaskson, will leave on Monday, October 14, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240, Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s str. Teiyo Maru, Captain S. Horokawa, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Pootung Wharf on Tuesday, October 15, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nissin Kisen Kaisha No. 5 The Bund Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Bellevue, tons 2,671, Captain Sellar, will leave on Tuesday, October 15, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240, Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Changsha, Captain J. Montfiel, will leave on Tuesday, October 15, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ngansin, Captain R. A. Watt, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, October 16, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel No. 491.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG and MANILA.—The S.S. Volunteer will be despatched from Shanghai for Manila via Hongkong between October 10-12. For further information regarding freight, etc., apply to Pacific Mail Steamship Company, 1-B Nanking Road, (Palace Hotel Building), Telephone Central 4986.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tsinan, Captain J. S. McDowll, will leave on Sunday, October 13, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Telephone No. 77.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Wenchow, Captain A. McDowell, will leave on Monday, October 14, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Telephone No. 77.

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Yingchow, Captain R. J. Cain, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, October 13, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 491.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. Scott, R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on Monday, October 14, at 4.30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 491.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shikuang, Captain R. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, October 15, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 491.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Chintao Maru, Capt. T. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on Tuesday, October 15, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Customs jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 and 4235.

AMOY, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Suiyang, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, October 17, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 491.

TAKAO (Formosa) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Koboku Maru, Captain S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on Thursday, Oct. 24, ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kiau Mining Administration, S.S. Yu Maru, will despatch on Saturday, October 12. For Freight apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road Tel. No. 319.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shuntien, Captain Norincomba, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, October 12, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77.

NEWCHWANG.—The Str. Fuhsing, Capt. A. B. Baines, will leave on Sunday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co. Passage Tel. No. 491.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Fengtien, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, October 17, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 491.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Paoting, Captain P. R. Purslow, will leave on Saturday, October 19, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN.—The Str. Daichi Maru, Captain H. Miyaji, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on Sunday, October 20, at ——— The steam-launch coveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund Central Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

TIENTSIN and DAIREN via TSINGTAO.—The Steamer Keelung Maru, Captain S. Iami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on Tuesday, October 22, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund Central Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA, B.C. via KOBE YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str. Asama Maru, Captain K. Saito, will be despatched on Tuesday, October 29. Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. For freight please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Tel. Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE, VANCOUVER CALLING at VICTORIA, B.C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE YOKAICHI, SHIMIDZU and YOKOHAMA.—The O.S.K. Steamer Manila Maru, Capt. N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on Saturday, October 26, Through Bills of Lading are granted to overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle, Tacoma and Canadian Pacific Railway Company at Vancouver. Consular Invoices must accompany shipment to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 and 4235.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kiangsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tatoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Fengtien left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The I.-C. s.s. Suiwu left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahsi left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Taiwo Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Kaifong will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai tomorrow.

The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The R.M.S. Montcalm left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday and is due at Woosung Monday morning at 6 o'clock. She sails for Vancouver via Japan Ports and Victoria, B.C. the same morning and the tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 10 o'clock.

The P.M. s.s. Venezuela left Hongkong for Shanghai on Wednesday and is due at Woosung this morning. The tender conveying inward passengers may be expected to reach the Customs Jetty about 10 o'clock. She sails for San Francisco via Japan Ports and Honolulu the same afternoon and the tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 5 o'clock.

The P.M. new liner Volunteer is due at Hongkong Wharf this morning. She will be despatched for Hongkong and Manila Monday.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the P.M. s.s. Venezuela will leave the Customs Jetty at 5 p.m.

Monday, October 14, 1918

The tender conveying passengers on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m.

The tender Alexandra conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Montcalm will leave the Customs Jetty at 10 a.m.

Siccawei Weather Report

10.—The barometers have considerably risen on the Chinese continent while they were falling on the Seaof Japan and on the Weather coast of Nippon. Fine weather, but fresh to strong N to NW winds along our coasts.

11.—Fine weather. Barometer reading very high above the average and still rising.

Friday, October 11, 1918.

Weather	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at Centg., mm	762.18	765.07
Bar. at Centg., inches	30.07	30.12
Variation for mm 24h	−0.37	−0.01
Variation for mm 12h	†0.46	†0.46
Wind—Direction	WNW	WNW
Wind—Kilom per hour	13	41
Wind—Miles	8.1	25.5
Temperature—Cen	13°3	17°0
Temperature—Fah	55.9	63.6
Humidity co:	93	78
Nebulosity 5-10	1	10
Rainfall mm	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept. 5	Glasgow	Idomeneus	Br.	B. & S.
Sept. 16	Japan	Mitsu Maru	Jap.	M.I.S.K.
Sept. 16	Hankow	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Sept. 25	Cruise	Pacific	Dan.	G-N Tel Co.
Sept. 30	Hankow	Hwahloo		
Oct. 1	Japan	Meiho Maru	Jap.	
Oct. 2	Hankow	Melfoo	Am.	S. Gil Co.
Oct. 3	Japan	Shinyu Maru	Jap.	
Oct. 7	Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan.	G.N.T. Co.
Oct. 7	Japan	Tokiwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct. 8	Japan	C. Thorsoe		
Oct. 8	Cruise	Lhasing	Chi.	Customs
Oct. 8	Hongkong	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Oct. 9	Hongkong	Humben	Fr.	M. M.
Oct. 9	Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Oct. 9	Japan	Ryoto Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct. 9	Foochow	Kiensien		
Oct. 9	Japan	Takesima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct. 9		Melville D.	Br.	E. D. & Co.
Oct. 9		Fuyo Maru	Jap.	
Oct. 10	Tientsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Oct. 10	Japan	Tsan Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Oct. 10	Japan	Glenagyle	Br.	Glen Line
Oct. 10		Salahadji	Dut.	A. P. Co.
Oct. 10	Chinwangtao	Feiching	Jap.	S.S.
Oct. 10	Chinwangtao	Yu Maru	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Oct. 10	Japan	Gregory Apcar	Br.	D. Sassoon &
Oct. 10	Japan	Sambashi M.	Jap.	
Oct. 10	Chinwangtao	Kuan Maru	Jap.	
Oct. 10	Dalny	Sakawa Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
S.P.			Quiros	Am. g-b.				
M.M.B.			Samar	Am. g-b.				
WTW			Snipe	Br. g-b.				
PaOBI			Widgeon	Br. g-b.				
BVIII	Oct. 7		Chiyoda	Jap. g-b.				
	Oct. 10		Villalobos	Am. g-b.				

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For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengkiang.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailing every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinklang, Yingchow, Ningpo and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailing every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For Ningpo.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

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		arr.	leave.
For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.			
MANILA MARU	(15,000 tons) Capt. N. Kobayashi,	Oct. 25	Oct. 26
ANDES MARU	(15,000 tons) Capt. K. Saito,	Oct. 28	Oct. 29
For Hongkong			
CHICAGO MARU	(12,000 tons) Capt. T. Saito,	Oct. 14	Oct. 15
CHINA COASTING LINE			
For Tientsin and Dairen			
DAICHI MARU	(1,200 tons) Capt. H. Miyaji,	Oct. 18	Oct. 20
KEELUNG MARU	(1,659 tons) Capt. Y. Fukami,	Oct. 20	Oct. 22
For Foochow, Keelung (Formosa), and Takao			
KOHOKU MARU	(2,610 tons) Capt. S. Ohba,	Oct. 22	Oct. 24

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to,—

M. SHIMAMURA, Manager.

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S.S. "CHINA" ..... NOV. 21st

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S.S. "NANKING" ..... OCT. — 8th
S.S. "CHINA" ..... NOV. 4th

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KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	Oct. 28
SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Sekine	Nov. 18

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

SAIKIU MARU	4,000	Capt. T. Oishi,	Oct. 15
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. M. Taniguchi,	Oct. 17
TATEGAMI MARU	4,500	Capt. N. Tsurhashi,	Oct. 24

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida,	Oct. 12
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Oct. 19
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida,	Oct. 26
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Oct. 30

FOR JAPAN

SHIDZUOKA MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Yamazaki,	Oct. 14

KOBE TO SETTLE

KAMO MARU	16,000	Capt. R. Shimidzu,	Oct. 15

FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa,	Dec. 4
KAISHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. Y. Tozawa,	March 5

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000		Oct. 24
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000		Nov. 26

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NIKKO MARU	10,000		Oct. 20
TANGO MARU	12,500		Nov. 20

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Large Display Advertisements

intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Show Tsar Sought Flight To England

Extracts From His Diary Tell Of Preparations To Seek Refuge There

Rotterdam, August 23. (Despatch to The London Daily Telegraph.).—The second of a series of extracts from the late Tsar's diary is reproduced from the Russian newspaper Izvestia by the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin. Germania also has quotations from it.

The Vossische Zeitung explains that the first extracts given are entries made on the days immediately following the abdication last year, while the Tsar was on his return journey from Pskoff to headquarters at Mogileff. Germania describes the entries as confirming the impression made by those already quoted of the insignificance of the personality of the late Russian Emperor.

The most interesting fact disclosed by the new extracts is that on April 5, 1917, the Tsar was preparing for a journey to England. In regard to this the Vossische Zeitung says:

"The hoped-for possibility of his departure without hindrance he derived from the Government of Lvoff and Kerensky. In the Romanoff archives is a cipher letter from Prince Lvoff to the Tsar in which the Prince promises to take the Tsar to Murman. This letter will be published. Kerensky kept secret from the Petrograd Workmen's Council this agreement with the Tsar."

Following are the entries quoted:

[These dates are according to the Russian calendar, which is thirteen days behind the Gregorian or ordinary calendar.]

"March 3.—Slept long and well. Only awakened far from Dvinsk. A sunny and frosty day. Discussed with my people yesterday's events. I read much in 'Julius Caesar.' At 8:30 I arrived at Mogileff, where the whole staff awaited me at the station. At 9:30 I went to my house. Alexieff came with the latest news from Rodzianko. So Mischa (the Grand Duke Michael) has resigned. His manifesto closes with a wag of the tail for the Constituent Assembly, which is to be elected in three months. God knows what moved him to put his signature to such ponsense. In St. Petersburg the unrest has ceased. If only it had lasted longer!

Tells Of Kerensky Visit

"March 9.—Began too fast, but fast did not begin with joy. After midday mass, Kerensky was here. He begged we might restrict our meetings to meal times and sit apart from the children. This was to a certain degree necessary for him in order to pacify the famous Soldiers' and Workmen's Council. To avoid any violence, one must adapt one-self.

"March 17.—Slept well. At 10 o'clock good Alex (one of the Grand Dukes) arrived here upon a conference. At 12 o'clock I went to the station to receive dear Mama, who had come from Kiev. I took her with me and we breakfasted together. She stayed and talked for a long time. I received at last two telegrams from Alice (the Tsarina). Went for a walk, horrible weather, cold and snowstorm. Received after tea Alexieff and Friederichs. Dined in the evening with Mama and sat with her until 11 o'clock.

"March 18.—Day is clear and frosty. At 10 o'clock to midday mass. Mama came later. She breakfasted and remained with me until 4 o'clock. At tea I received General Ivanoff, who came back from the requisitioning. He had been to Tsarskoe Selo and had seen Alice. What has become of poor Counts Friederichs and Pojesloff whose presence excites everybody? They have gone to Friederichs's property near Penza. In the evening with Mama. 'Woeful And Full Of Longing'

"March 21.—Last day in Mogileff. At a quarter to eleven read farewell command to army. Went to the house of the officer of the day, where I took leave of the staff and the authorities. At home, farewell to the officers and Cossacks of the Guard and the free regiment. My heart was breaking. At 12 o'clock with Mama in her carriage, where we breakfasted. Remained with her and her suite until half-past 4. Took leave of her, Sondro, Sergei, Boris, and Alex. Poor Nilow was not allowed to come to me. At quarter to 5 I left Mogileff. It was touching—the crowd of people who accompanied me. Four members of the St. Petersburg Soviet are in my train. Am heavy, woeful, and full of longing.

"March 22.—Arrived quickly and safely at 11:30 at Tsarskoe Selo. God, what a difference! On the streets around the Castle, and even in the park, sentinels. Before my entrance some Ensigns went upstairs and saw Alice, my soul, and the poor children. She faced things bravely and healthily. All were in a dark room on account of measles, but they feel well, except Marie, who was only then beginning with the measles. Breakfasted and also dined at midday in the playroom of Alevie. (The Tsarevitch) saw Benckendorff, went with him for a walk and worked with him in the gardens, as I was not allowed to go further. After tea I brought by affairs into order.

Burned Many Of His Papers

"March 23.—Outside of the conditions under which we live here, the thought that we are together rejoices and consoles me. Received in the morning Benckendorff. Looked through papers, regulated and burned many. Sat with the children until 2:30; went for a walk with Dolgoroucki, accompanied by Ensign. Today they were pleasant.

"March 24.—Received Benckendorff in the morning. Learned from him that we shall remain here for rather a long time. It is pleasant to know this. Again burned letters and papers. Anastasia has the earache, the same as the others. Went in the afternoon with Dolgorouski for a walk and worked in the garden. At a quarter to 7 went to night mass, afterward went to Anna (a lady of the court and a favorite of Tsarina) and Lilly. Thereupon to rest.

"March 30.—At 10 o'clock we went to mass, at which many took communion; walked for a short time with Tatiana. Today a burial of victims of the revolution took place in our park, opposite the center of the Alexander Palace. The sounds of funeral music and the 'Marseillaise' were to be noted. At 6 o'clock we went to a religious service.

Prepared For Trip To England

"April 5.—In the morning a short walk. Regulated my affairs and books; began to lay on one side everything which I will take with me when it comes to the journey to England. Worked in the garden.

"April 8.—Passed quietly the twenty-third anniversary of our betrothal. In the morning I walked for a long time with Alexis.

"April 28.—Abroad; today is the first of May. Our lasses have therefore decided to celebrate this day by processions through the streets with music and red flags. They came into our park and laid wreaths. Walked for an hour and a half, and in the evening began to read aloud to the children 'A Millionaire Girl.' (This book title appears in English).

"May 1.—In the morning I went for a walk. At 12 o'clock a geography lesson with Alexis. During the day I again worked in our vegetable garden. In the evening I learned that Kornilloff had retired from the post of Upper Commander of the St. Petersburg military district and also of the resignation of Gutchkoff, always on the same grounds—irresponsible interference with the orders of the military authorities by the Labor Deputies' Council and by some organisation or other standing much further to the Left.

"June 3.—After morning tea Kerensky suddenly appeared in an automobile from town. He did not remain long with me. He requested that some documents which had relation to internal policy should be sent over for an inquiry committee.

"July 9.—Three months we have passed here since I left Mogileff and came here, and we are prisoners. It is hard to be without news of dear Mama. All the rest is indifferent to me."

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Apropos that charge of the American troops in France made after orders had been issued to halt and to retreat, one recalls the taking of Lookout Mountain, above Chattanooga, during the Civil War. The troops belonged to Sheridan's division of Thomas' army, all under Grant.

A group of Generals stood on the lower mountain when the Union troops were ordered to charge and take a certain field. When they drove the rebels out of that they kept right on up the steep mountain side and reached the top, driving the enemy before them.

"Who gave the order for those troops to go on?" asked Grant, somewhat sharply, of their commander. The answer was that probably no one gave any order; they were obeying a natural impulse. "Well, it's all right," grunted Grant. "If they succeed, but if they don't—." Soon thereafter they succeeded, and it was "all right." It's in the Yankee blood to "take the bit into their own teeth" sometimes when going forward.—*Salem News.*

HISTORIC BATTLEGROUND

The Blood Of Many Peoples Has Soaked North Italy's Soil

"What a life I have had. I was here as a girl when the French Piedmontese defeated the Austrians at Solferino. I remember the battle in 1866, when the Italians beat the Austrians again. Then in this war I have seen Italian, British, and French troops pass and at last here I am watching the Americans."—Cabled statement of an old Italian peasant woman:

And had this simple-minded signora that power claimed by some Orientals of visualising historical events of long-gone centuries, she could conjure up before her mind's eye many another host which has laid waste or again made fruitful the glorious lands of Northern Italy on Alpine slopes which end in the sparkling, azure Mediterranean.

Genoa, fairest among the Riviera's cities, gave to the world Christopher Columbus, destined, over 400 years ago, to discover that country which was to bring forth a great, conglomerate race of men, with humanitarianism as its highest ideal.

America, however, has Italy to thank for much more than Columbus; and as her soldiers in another land are in a measure paying back the debt long owing the France of Lafayette, so the warriors from the New World are showing, unknown to themselves, perhaps, their appreciation, in many quarters long withheld, of what the Italy, not only of a mighty and majestic past, but of a vigorous, intelligent present, has accomplished for the world's well-being. Italy is the ever-rising higher land. Her history of greatness by no means ended with the fall of the Roman Empire nor with the close of the Renaissance. Those were merely periods.

Another and the greatest of them all, perhaps, as the allied modern world counts greatness, is just well under way, though it began with the unification of 1870. The Garibaldi of that day learned to love America during his brief state of exile here, and the bonds of friendship and genuine affection between this country and the olive-silvered Peninsula have grown ever stronger with each decade.

Small wonder, then, that our old peasant who has seen so much of history pass her doorway stands with the light of marvel in her eyes as she sees America's sons, not a few of them bearing names which come trippingly on her own tongue, go forth to battle with her land's hereditary foe, that co-enemy of those of a farther northern land, whose cruelty Caesar found much as it is today.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

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Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

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